12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit 2 Pg 1 of 81

EXHIBIT 2

Complaint

CONFORMED COPY OF ORIGINAL FILED Los Angeles Superior Court

ALBINA TIKHONOV

BY: Albina Tikhonov- Executor - a living breathing woman 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE

SHERMAN OAKS, CA [91403]

213-422-6225

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Plaintiff in Sui Juris

AUG U.E. 2012

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COURT

ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST)

Plaintiff.

VS.

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC

REGISTRATION

SYSTEMS, INC., ("MERS"); LISA

14 CLARK - an

individual as 15

Assistance

16 Secretary of MERS:

NIKOLE

SHELTON - a

foreign public

notary of the states

of Pennsylvania; 19

ETS SERVICES

LLC., THE BANK 20

OF NEW YORK

MELLON TRUST

COMPANY

22 NATIONAL

ASSOCIATION

FKATHE BANK

OF NEW YORK

TRÚST

COMPANY, N.A. 25

as A successor in

26 interest to JP MORGAN

CHASE BANK

N.A. as trustee for

28

Case No.: BC487215

FIRST AMENEDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR UNLAWFUL DETAINER AND DAMAGES AND FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

1. TO SET ASIDE PENDING TRUSTEE'S SALE BY A BANK OTHER THAN DEFENDANT JP

MORGAN CHASE;

2. TO CANCEL TRUSTEE'S DEED;

3. QUIET TITLE;

4. DEMAND FOR AN

ACCOUNTING;

5. SLANDER OF TITLE;

6. FRAUD:

7. TO VOID CONTRACT BASED ON

IMPOSSIBILITY OF PERFORMANCE (CAL. CIV.

CODE §§1411, 1511, 1595 et. seq.); 8. VOID CONTRACT BASED ON

UNCONSCIOUNABLENESS TO (CAL. CIVIL

CODE § 1670.5(A));

9. BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF

GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING:

10. VIOLATION OF

CAL.CIVIL CODE§§ 1920

AND 1921;

11. VIOLATION OF CAL.

CIVIL CODE § 1916.7;

12.RESCISSION/CANCELLAT

ION;

13. VIOLATION OF CAL.

BUSINESS AND

PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200

ET SEQ;

BREACH OF

FIDUCIARY DUTY;

RAAC 2006SP3, DOES 1 TO 10, INCLUSIVE

Defendants

15. VIOLATION OF CAL.
WELFARE &
INSTITUTIONS CODE
15600, ET SEQ. (ELDER
ABUSE)
16. CONSPIRACY;
17. INTENTIONAL
INFLECTION OF
EMOTIONAL DISTRESS;
18. INJUNCTION RELIEF;
19. DECLARATORY

19. DECLARATOR RELIEF; AND

20. VOILATION OF CAL. CIV. CODE SECTION 1632

1. Plaintiff seeks relief pursuant to CCP 761.040 (a) in the instant action because, Plaintiff seeks determination of title as of a date other than the date specified in the Original Complaint filed for possession of real property. Plaintiff, ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST), was and is the only true holder of title as successor by GRANT DEED to the subject real property, and files her first amended complaint ("FAC") suit under *Code of Civil Procedure* Section 472 against all defendants, notaries, agents, servants, does 1-10, inclusive, all unknown defendants hired by these banks and lenders to handle the foreclosures on property owned by the plaintiff and one additional defendant who purchased property through the foreclosure process. See: *Respondent Superior Doctrine*. Plaintiff is informed and believes In accordance with the law mentioned above the following: *Code of Civil Procedure* Section 472 which states that: And any part of the complaint may be changed without leave including the addition of new parties as plaintiff or defendant. See *Ryan G. v. Department of Transportation* (1986) 180 Cal.App. 3d 1102, 1105, where applicable, CCP § 472 prevails over CCP § 473(a) (requiring leave of court to add new parties.

THE PARTIES, JURISDICATION AND VENUE

The transactions and events which are the subject matter of this Complaint all occurred within the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

 The real property is located at 14713 Valleyheart Drive Sherman Oaks, in the County of Los Angeles, in the state of California, 91403.

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

Come now, Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov, and does hereby moves this honorable court to take notice on the unlawful foreclosure that has been executed, and hereby moves this court for QUIET TITLE, DECLARATORY RELIEF, DAMAGES and INJUNCTIVE RELIEF on the basis of FRAUD.

14. The Supreme Court reaffirmed that the right to enjoy private property and not be deprived of it without due process of law in Lynch v. Household Finance Corp.; 405 US 538 (1972). Pursuant to the Deed of Trust on page 12, paragraph 27 says:

SUBSTITUTION OF TRUSTEE I agree that LENDER may at any time appoint a successor trustee and that person shall become the Trustee under this Security Instrument as if originally named as Trustee.

2. This is a fraudulent act by all parties working in concert violating laws and Requirements of the NOTE and Deed of Trust. Page one of the Deed of Trust (EXHIBIT C) says;

"THIS IS A FIRST DEED OF TRUST WHICH SECURES A NOTE"

- 3. Unfortunately the NOTE has been sold, again, and again, with clear and convincing evidence that chain of title is broken in the public record. Therefore, the foreclosure sale is void ab-initio.
- 4. Plaintiff discovered that Defendants MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., ("MERS"); LISACLARK an individual as Assistance Secretary of MERS; NIKOLE SHELTON a foreign public notary of the states of Pennsylvania; ETS SERVICES LLC; THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, and JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006 SP3 are all involved in this well planed scheme to defraud

the U.S. States Government, Californians, and Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov by Evading Corporate TAXES, by conducting a money laundering, intrastate business transaction scheme and by failing to be "authorized to do business in California, "prior to availing themselves of the remedies provided by California NON—Judicial Foreclosure Process conducted a fraudulent conveyance of the Plaintiff real Property located at 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE SHERMAN OAKS, CA [91403].

- 5. MERS was no licensed to conduct business in this state of California, and held no Interest in the contract at dispute hereto in 2008. MERS engaged in conducting finance lending and or serviced business of residential mortgage loans through all other Defendants name herein in the state of California WITHOUT OBTAINING A LICENSE OR POSTING A BOND WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE STATE FOR CALIFORNIA during the period of MAY 21, 2002 through JULY 20, 2010. Furthermore MERS did obtain an exemption from the Commissioner to continue to conduct business in California after its license NUMBER (C2416221) WAS SUSPENDED IN 2002.
- 6. Plaintiff is asking for compensatory and consequential damages in excess to \$10,000, Disgorgement of any amounts paid to defendants for their respective illegal and improper debt collection activities, attorney's fees and injunctive relief. This means that not only could new parties be added but presumably also new causes of action. The policy of law is that leave to amend should be liberally granted. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Courts are bound to apply a policy of great liberality in permitting amendments "at any stage of the proceedings, up to and including trial," absent prejudice to the adverse party. See *Atkinson v. Elk Corp.* 109 (2003) Cal.App. 4th 739, 761.
 - 7. Plaintiff states an explanation as to why the earlier admissions are incorrect and FIRST AMENEDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR UNLAWFUL DETAINER AND DAMAGES AND FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF 4

required corrections to plaintiff original complaint and it causes of action are due to the discovery of additional newly discovered defendants.

- 8. Plaintiff is informed and believes that through her discovery process, she has

 Discovered that U.S. Governmental agency know as FDIC, sued and filed charges against

 Citigroup Inc and., Bank of America Corp., Deutsche Bank AG and JP Morgan Chase & Co.

 known associates of the Defendants named in this case at issue of fraud recently exposed the acts

 Complained about herein this case by the Plaintiff. Seeking a combined \$ 92, million, the

 lawsuits accuse the banks of misrepresenting the risks of residential mortgages the packaged into
 securities, (in violation of Security Exchange Act provisions) causing the losses for investors
 once the defective title instruments became evident. See: FDIC v. Bear Stearns Asset Backed

 Securities I LLC et al, U.S. District Court, Southern District of New York, No. 12-04000; FDIC

 v. JP Morgan Securities LLC.. in the same court, No. 12-04001; FDIC v. Countywide Financial
 Corp. et al, U.S. District Court, Central District of California, No. 12-04354; and the Statutory

 Foreclosure mandated requisites, which are codified at (A2) Code of Civil Procedure Section

 337.3. (an action based upon the rescission of a contract in writing).
- 9. Plaintiff is a Californian who is not only in jeopardy of the lost her family's home in one of the hardest hit real estate markets, but are also adversely affected the defendants and their associates, posing as authorized trustees- foreclosure companies that did not follow the law during the foreclosure process. Plaintiff has the right to file this FAC because like thousands of other of potential plaintiffs who were victims of these foreclosure companies. Plaintiff contends that public policy is at issue here in this instants case, because Public Policy (the General Welfare'') is the Court's Duty to uphold pursuant to the United States Constitution. Plaintiff has taken the forefront of News today and that the states of California's own attorney general Kamala Harris has initiated several major lawsuits against this same bank and their deceptive trade practices in this state of California. Several other states attorney general have

also moved to filing class action lawsuits against these defendants named herein and their affiliates under national banking fraud violations. Plaintiff does and Complains against defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- 10. See Matter of Staff Mortg. & Inv. Corp., 550 F. 2d 1228 (9th Cir 1977), "Under the Uniform Commercial Code, the only notice sufficient to inform all interested parties that a security interest in instruments has been perfected is actual possession by the secured party, his agent or bailee." (Emphasis added.)
- 11. ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST), (hereafter "Plaintiff"), and successor by GRANT DEED, see the EXHIBIT MARKED "A" has a Perfected equitable Interest in the real property located at: 14713 Valleyheart Drive, Sherman Oaks, California 91403 (the "Subject Property") issue of fraud, misrepresentation of known facts of the matter. Plaintiff ALBINA TIKHONOV's lawsuit states and contends that illegal debt collection activities and deceptive trade practices were exercised by the defendants against the plaintiff during the foreclosure process as the defendants were not licensed or registered in the State of California to carry out the foreclosure process. Plaintiff's lawsuit seeks to compensate the plaintiff, and compel the defendants to surrender all fees collected by their authorized foreclosure against the plaintiff equitable ownership right evident by the executed Grant Deed during the time defendants were operating illegally. See: California's Corporation Code of Procedures Section 2105(a) and California's Corporation Code 2103(c).
- 12. This case seeks to remedy THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, DOES 1 TO 10, inclusive. Plaintiff further f seeks a determination as a matter of law: under California's Corporation Code of Procedures Section 2105(a) and California's Corporation Code 2103(c). Plaintiff is informed and believes that places strict requisites of the California's Secretary of State's office as an Act of the U.S. Congress. Plaintiff contends that in accordance with

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27 28 Congressional mandates of law, California's Corporation Code 2103(c)), which directly Estoppels the Defendants MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., ("MERS"); LISACLARK - an individual as assistance Secretary of MERS; NIKOLE SHELTON – a foreign public notary of the states of Pennsylvania; ETS SERVICES LLC; THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, DOES 1 TO 10, INCLUSIVE.

- 13. Plaintiff alleges that these defendants' acts were committed with knowledge of for-Thought, with reckless disregard to law(s) of this state of California. Defendants continue to violate Corporation Code of Procedures Section 2105(a) and California's Corporation Code 2103(c), by doing business in a state foreign to its charted licensing states jurisdiction (i.e. as it does it appears to be the case in this instant case at issue of continued defense by these debt collecting attorneys, but this is the state of California, and thus, just like everyone else transacting commercial business here in the state of California defendants are all required to first register with Commercial entity than without being authorized to conduct business in the state of California. Defendants MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., ("MERS"); LISACLARK - an individual as assistance Secretary of MERS; NIKOLE SHELTON—a foreign public notary of the states of Pennsylvania; ETS SERVICES LLC; THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 failed to provide proof that their principles , trustees, agents , corporations have obtained said Certificate of Compliance and pay all back taxes owed to the citizen of the U.S. under tax evasion laws applicable. Plaintiff has discovered by investigation of the California's Official Commercial Registry under its Business Portal.
- 14. This case is one of Fraud, alleged against all named defendants, its employees,
 Servants, agents, trustees, and anyone working under the scope of authority on behalf of the
 Defendants' collectively and severally fro unjust enrichment of the Plaintiff's labor and equitable

 Interest held in Fee Absolute Ownership then and now to date July 28, 2012. As evidenced by GRANT DEED")"- from BORIS AND PAULINE AKSELROD, TRUSTEES OF THE AKSELROD REVOCABLE FAMILY TRUST UTD JANUARY 24, 2000. See attached MARKED EXHIBIT "A". Doc # 20081215761 recorded 07/08/2008. Because Defendants MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., ("MERS"); LISACLARK - an individual as Assistance Secretary of MERS; NIKOLE SHELTON – a foreign public notary of the states of Pennsylvania; ETS SERVICES LLC; THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY., and all similarly mortgagee and trustee in this case hereto failed to comply with the requirements of the Statutory Requirements of licensing authorities pursuant to CCC \$2105(a) and the Non – Judicial Foreclosure Pre- Requisites, ALL Purported foreclosure sales are Invalid.

All alleged rights transferred by such acts that failed to comply with said requisites as a matter of California Foreclosure law starting at CCP §§§§§ 2924a- 2924 j et . seq., are Subsequently invalid and void of legal effect as a Third party Bona fide purchaser and or assigns of another parties, did not acquire title to that real property.

15. Defendant The Bank of New York Mellon claims as the real party in interest in case DID NOT ACQUIRE TITLE TO THE REAL PROPERTY in or prior to Plaintiff filing her suit to for Relief /unlawful detainer against these unauthorized intrusions, slander of her title to this Real Property located at 14713 Valleyheart Drive Sherman Oaks, in the County of Los Angeles, in the state of California, 91403. (The "subject property").

16. Any purchaser of the real property by assignment form MERS, ETS SERVICE LLC, LISACLARK - an individual as assistance Secretary of MERS; NIKOLE SHELTON – a foreign Public notary of the states of Pennsylvania; ETS SERVICES LLC; THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY as alleged trustee of the Note and Deed of Trust at issue if Defendant's fraud scheme or any similarly situated mortgagee or trustee, consequently, did not Acquire title to that real property.

A PARTY ALLEGING TO BE A CREDITOR MUST PROVE LEGAL STANDING.

 Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov the Plaintiff, owe. THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, DOES 1 TO 10, INCLUSIVE.

17. The Plaintiff has failed to produce the actual NOTE, which they allege that I,

- 18. Where Bank of New York Mellon and Defendant JP Morgan, Chase is NOT the Originating lender and cannot prove the existence of the NOTE, then there is no NOTE.
 - **19.** The original NOTE must be produced, not a copy. To recover on a promissory NOTE,

the plaintiff must prove: (1) the existence of the NOTE in question; (2) that the party sued or alleged debtor signed the NOTE; (3) that the lender is the owner or holder of the NOTE; and (4) that a certain balance is due and owing on the NOTE. See In Re: SMS Financial LLC. v. Abco Homes, Inc. . No.98-50117 February 18, 1999 (5th Circuit Court of Appeals.) Volume 29 of the New Jersey Practice Series, Chapter 10 Section 123, page 566, emphatically states, "...; and no part payments should be made on the bond or NOTE unless the person to whom payment is made is able to produce the bond or NOTE and the part payments are endorsed thereon.

20. It would seem that the mortgagor would normally have a Common Law right to demand production or surrender of the bond or NOTE and mortgage, as the case may be. See Restatement, Contracts S 170(3), (4) (1932); C.J.S. Mortgages S 469 in Carnegie Bank v Shalleck; 256 N.J. Super 23 (App. Div 1992), the Appellate Division held, "When the underlying mortgage is evidenced by an instrument meeting the criteria for negotiability set forth in N.J.S. 12A:3-104, the holder of the instrument shall be afforded all the rights and protections provided a holder in due course pursuant to N.J.S. 12A:3-302" Since no one is able to produce the "instrument" there is no competent evidence before the Court that any party is the holder of the alleged NOTE or the true holder in due course. Federal and Circuit Courts have ruled that the only way to prove the perfection of any security is by actual possession of the security. See Matter of Staff Mortg. & Inv. Corp., 550 F. 2d 1228 (9th Cir 1977), "Under the Uniform

Commercial Code, the only notice sufficient to inform all interested parties that a security interest in instruments has been perfected is actual possession by the secured party, his agent or bailee." (Emphasis added.)

21. The Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals has affirmed this decision at least six times. Bankruptcy Courts have followed the Uniform Commercial Code. In Re Investors & Lenders, Ltd. 165 B.R. 389 (Bkrtcy.D.N.J.1994).

Plaintiff is informed and believes that pursuant to California' Commercial Code Section 3301(a) and 3501(a); (b) the Defendants must have and provide the original NOTE that, is allegedly security for the said NOTE being collected upon under contract.

PARTIES

- 22. Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov is a U.S. Citizen, she has interest which would be affected by the declaration of rights sought in this action by virtue of her having purchased Lot 15, Block 27 of Tract No. 7307, in the city of Los Angeles, County of Los Angeles, State of California, as map recorded in Book 85 pages 1 through 5 inclusive of maps, in the office of the County Recorder of Said County also, known as: 14713 Valleyheart Drive Sherman Oaks, in the County of Los Angeles, in the state of California, 91403 from BORIS AND PAULINE AKSELROD, TRUSTEES OF THE AKSELROD REVOCABLE FAMILY TRUST UTD JANUARY 24, 2000. See attached MARKED EXHIBIT "A". Doc # 20081215761 recorded 07/08/2008.
- 23. Plaintiff at all relevant times were over 18 and a resident is who business owners in this state. Plaintiff ALBINA TIKHONOV acquired all rights in the real property at issue by a lawfully conducted Public Action after a lawfully conducted Trustee's Sale had in 2008. years prior to this alleged lawfully assigned Creditor/Lender BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY ET AL., become an Third Party- intervener. The perfected rights of title and Plaintiff's equitable interest held in fee absolute ownership is evidenced by the recordation of a "GRANT DEED"). See MARKED EXHIBIT "A"- a true and correct copy of that recorded GRANT DEED- prima facie evidence of Plaintiff's a Free and Clear Ownership.
 - 24. Plaintiff contends that of this fact above (the GRANT DEED) is a FACT OF

THE MATTER THAT CAN NOT BE DISPUTED by defendants as the fact of the matter at issue, and at the time of executing the written contract which is subject matter of this action was discussed, negotiated and consummated the loan was paid in full. Plaintiff is now, and at all times relevant to this action, were residents of Los Angeles County, State of California. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST) owns the real property commonly known as 14713 Valleyheart Drive Sherman Oaks, in the County of Los Angeles, in the state of California (the "Property").

The Property is further described as Assessor's Parcel Number (2263-021-013).

25. Defendant, MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., (hereafter "MERS"), is a alleged to be the beneficiary under a certain Deed of Trust and Promissory Note at issue of failure of compliance with all Debt collecting requirements.

26. MERS was not licensed to conduct business in this state of California, and held no Interest in the contract at dispute hereto in 2008. MERS engaged in conducting finance lending and or serviced business of residential mortgage loans through all other Defendants name herein in the state of California WITHOUT OBTAINING A LICENSE OR POSTING A BOND WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE STATE FOR CALIFORNIA during the period of MAY 21, 2002 through JULY 20, 2010. Furthermore MERS did obtain an exemption from the Commissioner to continue to conduct business in California after its license NUMBER (C2416221) WAS SUSPENDED IN 2002.

27. Before MERS re-registered with the Commissioner to obtain a new license (NO. C3306164) in 2010. MERS continued engaging in mortgage transactions through the fraudulent recording of assignments in the office of the land records through all codefendants listed in this complaint and in her initial pleadings.

28. Plaintiff is informed and believes that the California's False Claims Act provides that

 any person who knowingly submits, or causes the submission of, A false or fraudulent statement to the U.S. Government is liable for a civil penalty of up to \$11,000.00 for each such claim, plus three times the amount of damages sustained by the Government.

- 29. All acts of MERS were done in violation of Financial Code section §50205, that was Conducted in an unsafe, injurious and hazardous manner to Plaintiff and to all California homeowners in default/ foreclosure.
- 30. Defendant, ETS SERVICES LLC was at all times relevant to this action a attorney Debt-Collection service Agent, is a foreign trustee services / or a debt collector; it is not authorized to do business in this state.
- 31. Defendant, the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON is a corporate entity organized under the laws of an unknown State, purporting to have its chartered corporate headquarters in a state other than in this state of California
- 32. Defendant, the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, is a national banking association; it is not authorized to do business in this state. This entity purchased or otherwise acquired mortgages and (Deed of Trust). While the specific acts and omissions referenced herein were committed By the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as a successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006 SP3, and ETS SERVICES LLC as a trustee liability therefore, is imputed upon MERS as their successor in interest and due to the fact that certain defense are not available to a "holder in due course" which are the subject of this action.
- 33. Defendant LISA CLARK is reported to work for the defendant MERS Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, Inc. (Noted: That MERS offices have been discovered to be located in Florida) NOT in the state of Pennsylvania as the document reported to be a lawful assignment of Deed of Trust form MERS to BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP318. Defendant LISA CLARK is alleged to have been in the state of

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 Pennsylvania at the time the document Exhibit "B"-The ASSIGNMENT OF DEED OF TRUST was signed in the presents of the named Public Notary — NIKOLE SHELTON. Noted: that it seems to be very ODD that the most important document of title in dispute would be executed in the latter and executed in a completely different state

- 34. Where all common sense seems to indicate that the Defendant's MERS

 Assistant Secretary, and newly discovered Defendant LISA CLARK, could not possibly be working in the state of Pennsylvania. Plaintiff contend that is an impossibility, that sheds some false light on the any claims asserted in this case as to being authorized at the commencement of the actions taken under said contract at issue of rights of enforcement.
- signed by the Defendant LISA CLARK of MERS's as its Assistant Secretary under fraudulent conveyance by way of Robb-signing, just happens to be the most important negotiable instrument of title filed by the Defendants as a authorized Debt collector. MARKED EXHIBIT "B"- a certain ASSIGNMENT OF DEED OF TRUST does not support the Defendants claims asserted in this case as to being lawfully assigned all beneficiary rights of the MERS (who never held any interest in the Mortgage Loan, and could not authorized this alleged execution of the MARKED EXHIBIT "B" by Defendant LISA CLARK on 08/10/2011- a certain ASSIGNMENT OF DEED OF TRUST at the commencement of their unlawful acts, and unauthorized contracting with Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov enforcement of the original lender's mortgage contract under a certain deed of trust and Note acquired by Plaintiff in 2008.
- 20. Defendant LISA CLARK, is indentified as an alleged MERS's Assistant

 Secretary. 9. Defendant LISA CLARK, who was personal responsible for signing executing and Recordation of the EXHIBIT MARKED "B"- a certain ASSIGNMENT OF

 DEED OF TRUST that was not able to be found in the County records official records stored therein as a matter of statutory law. (see: Ref:Marketable Record Title Act 880.02 -887.09)
- 21. Defendant, NIKOLE SHELTON is a PUBLIC NOTARY conducting business in the state of Pennsylvania.

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22. The a PUBLIC NOTARY's seal placed on the document being questioned as a fraud under this a Robo- signing scheme was presented to this court by the Defendants and their attorney's record and the court must construed this document as fraudulent and misrepresentation of the known fact of the matter

- 23. Plaintiff will further amend this Complaint, adding one or more Doe Defendants at a point and time later Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities of defendants sued as herein as DOES (1-10) Inclusive, and therefore sue these defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to allege their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff are informed and believe and based thereon allege each of the fictitiously named defendants is responsible in some manner for the injuries to Plaintiff alleged herein, and that such injuries as herein alleged were proximately caused by such defendants.
- 24. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon allege that at all times herein mentioned, that each of the defendants were agents, employees, partners, joint ventures, coconspirators, successors or predecessors in interest, owners, principals, and employers of the remaining defendants, and in doing the things hereinafter alleged, were acting within the course ad scope of such agency, partnership, employment, ownership, joint venture and/or conspiracy. Plaintiff is further informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the act and conduct herein alleged of each such Defendant were known to, authorized by, and/or ratified by the other Defendants, and each of them.
- 25. Whenever in this Complaint an act or omission of corporation or business entity is alleged, said allegation shall be deemed to mean and include an allegation that the corporation or business entity acted or omitted to act through its authorized officers, directors, agents, servants and/or employees, acting within the course and scope of their duties, that the act or omission was ratified by the officers and directors of the corporation.
- 26. While Defendants JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and (MERS), were not a part of loan the was NOT originated by Defendant THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP

MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and (MERS), and any and all subsequent holders of the Notes took these notes subject to all defenses which the Plaintiff have against ORIGINAL LENDER NAMED UPON THE FACE OF THE NOTE AND ITS DEED OF TRUST as successor in interest to MERS and any other successors to these Notes and Deeds of Trust in accordance with established California law.

27. The County Recorders' Office relied upon the Notice of Default and all documents to be true and correct at the time it was presented and filed. This represents a criminal violation of California Penal Code 115.5 and 530 et. Seq.

Not only were documents fraudulently notarized, the Assignment of Deed of Trust was done after the Notice of Default was received by Plaintiff. The voidability of the defendants' acts performed in violation of the applicable statutes has injured plaintiff's right of redemption under the contract right of the original note and deed of trust holder in due course. Plaintiff contends that the violations complained about in the FAC verified complaint have been asked and answered already decided pursuant to <u>Dimock v. Emerald Properties Super. Ct.</u> No. 705077 June 21, 2000, making this foreclosure sale void.

- 28. Therefore, the assignment of deed, substitution of trustee, and the deed upon sale in this case at issue of unauthorized trespass to title renders al instruments void from the beginning and cannot be used as evidence in this court.
- 29. Moreover, since Defendants <u>had no valid execution of authority</u> by its' false filings in Los Angeles County and through its misrepresentations as to whom they represent to this court, the case itself cannot be classified as a "Limited Case" by statue, as a result,
- 30. Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov would be harmed in the amount in excess of over \$564,889.00, plus her sweat equity remolding, paying property taxes, maintaining the landscaping the single family resident.
- 31. Defendants must be enjoined from any actions in furtherance of dispossessing Defendant of her property because they have failed to comply with the Cal. Civil Code § 2934a (a)(1)(2) et.seq. clearly states: "the trustee under a trust deed upon real property [...] may be substituted by the recording, in the county in which the property is located, of a substitution

executed and acknowledged by: (A) all of the beneficiaries under the deed of trust, or their successors in interest...or, (b) the holders of more than 50% of the record beneficial interest of a series of notes secured by the same real property...et seq. Since the Originally Named Trustee, and ETS SERVICE LLC as trustee did not follow the law and defrauded / recorded fraudulent documents in the county records and then mailed through the US mail service, is precluded from acting as trustee; and, does not have the right to sell or convey property to for unjust enrichment of the plaintiff's labor.

32. Defendants BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006 SP3, and ETS SERVICES LLC as a trustee that has been obtained by a criminal act. (See Title 18, USCS 1001-1002 Fictional-Communications, Title 15, USCS~1692E for fraud and misleading statements and Title 15 USCS~78ff: Penalty: \$25,000,000.00 corporation \$5,000,000.00 individual).

PLAINTIFF MOVES THIS COURT TO REMAIN CONSISTENT THE PROVSIONS OF ARTICLE III, CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS DEMANDED

33. As a matter of law the actual investors who funded the Original loan must sign Individually, under penalty of perjury, to ratify the commencement of this action. Defendants, again, lacks standing to bring this matter before this court and cannot ever evidence their constitutional standing, as contemplated in Article III.

PLAINTIFF IS WITH COMMON LAW 7TH AMENDMENT DEMAND

FOR

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

34. Defendants BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006 SP3, and ETS

SERVICES LLC is proceeding as if rights were waived. I have never waived any rights in this matter, knowingly, intelligently or voluntarily, including my right to judicial due process, See Brady v US; 397 US 742 at 748. In addition, the Northwest Ordinance of 1787, in Article Two, requires that no one shall be deprived of liberty or property without due process of law. The Northwest Ordinance is still applicable today in California for the reasons stated previously.

35. I, Albina Tikhonov, again state I rely upon Haines v. Kerner, 404 US 519 (1972), pursuant to the limitations imposed upon us and this Tribunal by Article 1 Section(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 19, 21 in particular and all others generally of the Constitution of the State of California (1849 annotated) and the Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America, a.....3rd the Northwest Ordinance of 1787 with authority and unalienable right to sue by amending her initial complaint to include the unknown defendants (named as Does 1-10, inclusive / defendants) as mentioned in her pleadings.

36. Plaintiffs, ALBINA TIKHONOV (REAL PARTY INTEREST) request a jury trial on all issues in this matter:

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

37. Plaintiff is the legally recognize owner of Title and Senior Principle Party in Interest this civil action. Plaintiff has a right, title and interest to the property and has the lawful right to Service the Summons and FAC in this action on the following grounds; On or about sometime in July 2012, Defendants filed a motion to demurrer to Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov's initial complaint for relief from wrong doing of a tenancy at sufferance by the collective hands these named defendants. Plaintiff ALBINA TIKHONOV (REAL PARTY INTEREST) was a induced into , making an agreement to modify the existing loan previous taken over as HDC after her purchased of the real property at an lawfully conducted Trustee's Sale . She heavily relied upon the honesty and integrity of the name of Defendant, JP MORGAN ("CHASE") to THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

- 27. In 2009, Plaintiff discovered that the principal amount of her loan was steadily increasing each month, despite their paying the loan payment stated in the loan documentation as being required. Plaintiff contacted JP MORGAN ("CHASE") to inquire as to why the principal was increasing every month, but Defendants refused to speak to her about the issue.
- 28. Fearing that something had gone terribly wrong, Plaintiff contacted an attorney. It was during that consultation, which occurred in 2009, that the true nature of the loan was discovered for the first time.
- 29. Plaintiff was advised by the previous owner Ovsovich, an unmarried man who was the Original Trustor, that he executed and assigned the trustee's position to CHICAGO TITLE AS TRUSTEE at this time that the residential loan application submitted by LENDER NAMED ON THE FRONT OF THE NOTE & DEED OF TRUST at issue, and NO where does it mention the name of defendants as the lender. Lender is required to be indentified in this case at issue of fraud for the simple fact of the matter if the defendants were originally named as trustees and or the lender, than they are NOT the LENDER and are just a third party (creditor) claimant, and thus would not have any first hand personal knowledge who must then provided proof of claim asserted in the case before this court.
- 30. In 2008 Plaintiff's mortgage was accepted by JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A., as trustee, as successor in interest to MERS without the documentation or verification required by law, indicated that Plaintiff's loan she had been lured into accepting was an adjustable rate loan, not a fixed rate loan as stated initially.
- 31. On 2011, defendant ETS TRUSTEE SERVICES, LLC aka EXECUTIVE TRUSTEE SERVICES, LLC caused to be recorded in the Los Angeles County recorder's offices a Notice of Default and Election to Sell under Deed of Trust.
- 32. Defendant ETS TRUSTEE SERVICES, LLC aka EXECUTIVE TRUSTEE SERVICES, LLC as an alleged lawfully authorized trustee working under the scope of authority of defendants JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and (MERS).
- 33. On 2011, defendant ETS TRUSTEE SERVICES, LLC aka EXECUTIVE TRUSTEE SERVICES, LLC caused to be recorded in the Los Angeles County recorder's offices a Notice of

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Default and Election to Sell under Deed of Trust, without first obtaining legal authorization to do						
business in the state of California. A few months passed and a Notice of Trustee's Sale was						
recorded upon the Property with a date of Trustee's Sale set for an upcoming date in August						
2012.						
Plaintiff r	equest judicial n	otice of the attached Exhibit" D"- that on the Notice	of the			
Trustee's Sale: the name of the Beneficiary is NOT the defendants named on the face of the						
instruments of t	itle in questione	d (i.e. the DEED of TRUST & NOTE), here in th	is my			
FAC for relief to	quiet title and e	viction of tenancy at sufferance continued by defenda	nts and			
their et al.						
		ON JULY 20 TH , 2012,				
PLAI	NTIFF RECEI	<u>YED NOTICE OF TRUSTEE SALE BY YET A N</u>	E W ,			
CREDITOR	/THIRD PART	Y MAKING CLAIMS AS THE REAL PARTY IN	<u>terst</u>			
NOW. Plaintiff attempted to reach an attorney as much as possible knowing the imminent threat,						
but to no avail. SEE attached exhibit- "E"						
33. Pl	laintiff became a	ware that A Trustee Sale Notice was recorded by this	NEW			
CLAIMANT on	JULY 20 TH , 2012	2, by U.S. Postal Mail Service.				
34. PI	laintiff immediat	ely mailed Her Notice to Cease & Desist ANY ALL A	.CTS			
ADVERSE TO THAT OF HERS AS THE REAL PARTY IN INTEREST as successor in						
interest to THE Original Owner LEONID OVSOVICH, but no result was						
communicated to Plaintiff until one (1) day before the sale.						
Plaintiff	request that this c	court of law that notice that Plaintiff f was not made a	ware of			
the mortgage loan may have been sold under a security agreement with the FDIC in 2008®						
SEE THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT OF THE DEFENDANT JP MORGAN CHASE.						
MARKED EXHIBIT SICIP						
(See the attached EXHIBIT MARKED-"F"- the <i>Defendants'</i> JP MORGAN CHASE and						
et al Executive Orders mailed out in 2002, 2003, 2007, 2009, 2010 to by the (U.S.						

///

 Comptroller of the Currency Administrator of National Banks: OCC

ADVISORY LETTER)

Making the Defendants acts illegal and in violation of Penal 115(a): Fraudulent Recordation of title instruments without authorization to any such acts, by U.S. Postal Services with request for a Certified Returned Receipt from ALL DEFENDANTS NAMEND HEREIN HER NOTICE OF DISPUTE AND DEMAND TO CEASE & DESIST

- 35. The Property has NOT BEEN sold to or by Defendants as of to date.
- 36. On or about June 1, 2012, Plaintiff Albina caused Defendants to be served with a 3-Day notice to Vacate Property. Under the tenancy at sufferance doctrine and its parallel defense under tenant and landlord causes of actions to file a Unlawful Detainer Action to render these unauthorized intrusions to her title held in Fee Absolute as evidenced by her executed, recorded and acknowledged GRANT DEED. See Exhibit "A"
- 37. On or about June 1, 2012, Defendants were served with an Unlawful Detainer Action bearing Los Angeles County Seal and summon.
- 38. Now Defendants, in completion of their plot and plan to cause financial harm to befall Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov, a senior citizen who should be enjoying the benefits of having worked her whole life, and to take the Property Plaintiff calls her home.

The Defendants and their unknown associates are planning to transfer title to her property, and are threatening to have her and her family forcefully removed from her home.

All acts do against the equitable rights held by Plaintiff, and all done without any such rights under California Law and California Corporate Code 2105 (a) and other applicable statutes enacted by Congress for the protection of good faith in business transaction with its citizens under the Bill of Rights

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Injunctive Relief To Set Aside NOTICED "Trustee Sale")

To ENJOINED ANEWLY ASSERTED CRDITOR BANK MAKING CLAIMS

AS THE REAL

PARTY IN INTEREST OF JP MORGAN CHASE'S POSTION in this case.)

- 37. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraph 1 through 36.
- 38. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff owned real property commonly known as 14713 Valleyheart Drive Sherman Oaks, in the County of Los Angeles, in the state of California (as defined above, the "Property"). Further described as Assessor's Parcel Number: 2263-021-013.
- 39. Defendants the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as a successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006 SP3, and ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee of the BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A., and DOE Defendants 1 to 10, Inclusive, claim to be the owner, by virtue of a ASSIGNMENT as a trustee only and make no claim as to being the BENEFICARY.
- 40. Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. is a foreign corporation charted in another states to do business as a matter of law,

Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. is not a corporation organized under the laws of the State of California, AND is Not Authorized to engage in the title insurance and/or trustee business as a trustee company within the State of California, Los Angeles County. BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A., is not the trustee pursuant to the Deed Trust recorded and relied upon as the Defendants whole bases for asserted claims as being the real property in interest as referenced in the Notice Trustee Sale recorded and submitted by the Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A., and their attorneys of record.

41. Defendant, ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee is a foreign corporate entity organized under the laws of an unknown State, purporting to its corporate headquarters at 2255 North Ontario Street, Suite 400, Burbank, Ca 91504-3120. This entity was responsible for filing and

Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov or otherwise Failed to acquire authorization from the originally named <u>Trustee CHICAGO TITLE</u>, at trustee. While the specific acts and omissions referenced herein were committed by MERS and ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee, liability therefore is imputed upon JP MORGAN CHASE, as their successor in interest. MERS was NOT the lender pursuant to the Deed of Trust recorded on 04/18/2006 as Instrument No. 06 0841080.

- 42. MERS is a foreign corporation allegedly a national banking association; it is not authorized to do business in this state; it has an interest which would be affected by the declaration of rights sought in this action.
- 43. Defendants all were and continue to do business in California without first obtaining licensing as a foreign entity doing intrastate commerce banking, and within the County of Los Angeles, state of California.
- 44. Plaintiff does not know the true names and capacities or basis for liability of defendants sued as Doe 1 through Doe 20, Inclusive. Each fictitiously named Defendant is in some manner liable to Plaintiff, or claims some right, title, or interest in the Property, or both.
- 45. Plaintiff, on behalf of the acquired interest of the previous owner of title borrower, made, executed and delivered to CHICAGO TITLE, at assigned trustee for the beneficiary, a written promissory note in the amount equal to the balance requested under said agreement.
- 46. To secure payment of the principal sum and interest as provided in the note and as part of the same transaction, Plaintiff, NOW, a HDC discovered that the Previous Owner Mr. OVSOVICH as Trustor, executed and delivered to MERS, the alleged beneficiary, a Deed of Trust dated 04/18/2006.
- 47. MERS and ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee, caused to be recorded a notice of default and election to sell as Instrument No.; of Official Records of Los Angeles County, California, alleging that a breach of the obligation secured by the deed of trust had occurred, consisting of Plaintiff's alleged failure to pay certain monthly payments of principal and interest, and said Defendant elected to sell, or cause to be sold, the trust property to satisfy that obligation.

48. Plaintiff alleges, on information and belief, that on or about the time as mentioned above acts were being committed in violation of California Foreclose Law(s) that would be applicable. Defendants failed to publish and post, or cause to be published and posted, at various times and at various places certain notices of their intent to sell the trust property at public auction, purportedly to satisfy the obligation secured by the deed of trust, on grounds of the alleged breach of the obligation and under the power of sale in the deed of trust. The notice of sale indicated a sale date of August 26, 2012 by A NEW ALLEGED PARTY IN INTEREST OF THE SAME DEED OF TRUST THAT IS BEING DISPUTED AND SOUGHT PAYMENT THEREOF BY THESE DEFENDANTS COLLECTIVE.

- 49. Defendant trustee attempted and purported to sell the property on soon SOMETIME IN August of 2012, accepted valuable consideration from Defendant MERS and ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee of the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON and JP MORGAN CHASE and then executed and delivered or caused to be executed and delivered a trustee deed to THIS NEWLY ASSERTED CLAIMANT, as trustee of the PAID NOTE AND DEED OF TRUST at issue.
- 50. Plaintiff alleges that a sale would be improperly held and the trustee's deed will be wrongfully executed, delivered and recorded in violation of the terms and conditions of the deed of trust and state law, and in violation of the duties and obligations of Defendants to Plaintiff, all to Plaintiff's loss and damage in that Plaintiff is at a very real risk of being wrongfully deprived of the beneficial use and enjoyment of the Property and has been deprived of legal title by forfeiture.
- 51. Plaintiff had believed that she had finished negotiating a loan modification, and up until the day she received NOTICE FROM THE NEW CLAIMANT on or about July 20th, 2012, of its intent to sell under the same deed of trust that Defendants named herein have asserted claim too as well. She had believed that ALL sales would have been postponed pending disclosure requested under Federal Debt collector's Act. Plaintiff was advised on the day before the sale of her home that the request for modification had been categorically denied, with no other explanation. Such further evidences the conspiracy and plan of Defendants, and each

of them, to take advantage of Plaintiff, who believed that she was abiding the system and retaining help in order to defend her rights.

52. Plaintiff contended that the actions of Defendants, and each of them, were willful, intentional, carefully planned and thought out, with the purpose of obtaining profit and gain to the detriment of Plaintiff, a senior citizen who has been severely taken advantage of and financially abused.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(To Cancel Trustee's Deed)

- 53. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraph 1 through 52.
- 54. Defendants MERS and ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee of the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON and JP MORGAN CHASE, as trustee, and DOES1 to 20, Inclusive, claim an estate or interest in real property described in plaintiff's original complaint and herein her first amended complaint adverse to that of Plaintiff, but Defendant's claims are without right. Defendant has no estate, right, title, or interest in the Property.
- 55. The claims of Defendants MERS and ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee of the BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON and JP MORGAN CHASE as trustee of the Plaintiff's acquired obligation (that appears to be paid in full, and these individuals are illegally attempting fraudulently convey plaintiff's personal private, with the assistance of unknown DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive, are based on the trustee's deed purporting to have been executed by defendant ETS SERVICES LLC, alleged trustee of the MERS, and DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive.
- 56. Although the trustee's deed may appear valid on its face, it is invalid and void/voidable, and of no force or effect regarding Plaintiff's interest in the Property described in paragraph 2, for the reasons set forth herein.
- 57. The interest in the described real property claimed by defendants and et al, is a cloud on Plaintiff's title in and to the Property, tends to depreciate its market value, restricts Plaintiff's full use and enjoyment of the Property, and hinders Plaintiff's right to unrestricted alienation of it. If the trustee's deed is not delivered and canceled, there is a reasonable fear that Plaintiff will suffer

serious injury, as NO Unlawful Detainer action has begun as of yet, and Plaintiff is threatened with the very real possibility of being forced to leave her home.

58. The conduct of Defendants, and each of them was deliberate, willful, purposeful, done with blatant disregard of the financial and emotional ramifications that would surely befall Plaintiff as a result of their conscious acts and omissions and was a proximate cause of Plaintiff suffering damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(To Quiet Title)

- 59. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraph 1 through 58.
- 60. Plaintiff seeks to quiet title against the following claims of defendants: **MERS to** BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor in interest to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3

Defendant LISA CLARK and DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive, the purported new purchaser of the Property, Defendant ETS SERVICES LLC, purported trustee, who was allegedly authorized to conduct a foreclosure as agent for JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 on the Property and Defendants MERS to BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A., as A successor who claim to be the holders of the original promissory note. Defendants claims are without right and Defendants have n right, title, estate lien or interest in the Property.

- 61. Plaintiff name as Defendants in this action all persons unknown claiming (a) any legal or equitable right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the Property adverse to Plaintiff's title, or (b) any cloud on Plaintiff's title to the Property. The claims of each unknown defendant are without any right, and these defendants have no right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property.
- 62. Plaintiff desires and is entitled to a judicial declaration quieting title in Plaintiff as of the recordation of the Notice of Default in 2008, and restoring possession to Plaintiff.

 63. The conduct of Defendants, and each of them was deliberate, willful, purposeful, done with blatant disregard of the financial and emotional ramification that would surely befall Plaintiff as a result of their conscious acts and omissions, and was a proximate cause of Plaintiff suffering damages in an amount to be proven at trial.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Accounting)

- 64. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 63.
- 65. The amount of money still owed to Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as a successor to beneficiary JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 is unknown to Plaintiff and cannot be determined without an accounting.
 - 66. Plaintiff demands judgment as follows:
- a. That the Court issue a Declaration that the sale or any pending sell of the Property is null and void and of no force and effect, and an order setting aside the trustee sale of the Property.
- b. That the Court (a) issue an order that MERS to BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. as A successor to JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive, deliver the trustee's deed to the Court and (b) cancel the trustee's deed.
- c. That the Court order judgment quieting title to Plaintiff, as owner of the Property, declaring that ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive, has no right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to Plaintiff.

66.

d. That the court render, between Plaintiff and Defendants, an accounting determining the amount, if any, actually owed to Defendants by Plaintiff.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Slander of Title)

- 67. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraph 1 through
- 68. The tort of Slander of Title involved the action of one who, without privilege or without justification to do so, publishes matter, which is untrue and disparaging to another's property in land.
- 69. Defendants, including Doe Defendants, purportedly acting as the agent of the "current" but unascertained beneficiary of the Deed of Trust, wrongfully and without privilege caused a Notice of Default to be recorded against the Property.
- 70. Later, one or more of the Defendants, including Doe Defendants, purportedly acting as the agent of the "current" but unascertained beneficiary of **Deed of Trust, wrongfully and without privilege, caused said Notice of Default to be served on Plaintiff.**
- 71. By doing the acts described above, Defendants, including Doe Defendants, slandered Plaintiff's title to the Property because California Civil Code 2924(a)(1)(c) was violated, and such acts were not privileged.
- 72. Pursuant to, among others, California Civil Code 2924(a)(1)(C), only the actual beneficiary of a Deed of Trust or its assignee may cause to be recorded against Property either Notice of Default or commence with a Trustee Sale.
- 73. None of the Defendants, including Doe Defendants, have proof that they are the holders of the Note.
- 74. The conduct of Defendants, and each of them, was deliberate, willful, purposeful, done with blatant disregard of the financial and emotional ramification that would surely befall Plaintiff as a result in an amount to be proven at trial.

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75. Because Plaintiff's damages were the result of the unprotected and unlawful conduct and acts of Defendants, including Doe Defendants, Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages in an amount to be proven at a trial against Defendants, including Doe Defendants.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraud-Misrepresentation)

- 76. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 though 75.
- 77. California Civil Code 1572 states that fraud exists when any of the following acts and situations occurs. Actual fraud consists I any of the following acts, committed by a party to the contract, or with his connivance, with intent to deceive another party:
- a. The suggestion, as a fact, of that which is not, IS one who does not Believe it to be true; second, the positive assertion, in a manner not warranted by the information of the person making it, of that which is not true, though he believes it to be true; third. The suppression of that which is true, by one having knowledge or belief of the fact; fourth, a promise made without having any intention of performing it; or any other act fitted to deceive.
- 78. Defendants ETS SERVICES LLC, as trustee BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and its agents/employees, (Lisa Clark) committed fraud by purposefully evading the use of Plaintiff's true income on Plaintiff's loan application to a level that would allow Plaintiff to qualify for the loan in an amount IN EXCESS OF \$6000.00 per month, instead of the truthful and provided to defendants' agents at the time of negotiating a loan modifications, prior to discovering defendants slander of title issues.
- 79. Defendant JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A's agents had informed Plaintiff approximately two (2) weeks after they had submitted their loan application and documentation concerning her income, that the requested refinance had been denied by JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3. However, somehow Plaintiff was able to "change

the bank's mind" concerning the issue, and miraculously was able to give Plaintiff "a loan modification without disclosure of material facts of their authorized business practices in the state of California.

- 80. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon allege that Defendants, BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, having the information concerning Plaintiff's income available to them, made a conscious decision to inflate the income of Plaintiff, changing a part time occupation of Plaintiff into a full time lucrative career with heavy bonuses being paid monthly, in order to "qualify" Plaintiff for the subject loans.
- 81. Defendants BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 had a responsibility, by well established law, to verify the financial status of Plaintiff, analyze the likelihood of Plaintiff's ability to repay the loans, not based on the minimum payment, but based upon the entire amortized payment, and determine, based on their knowledge, training and experience, whether or not the loan product was appropriate and suited for Plaintiff. Defendants represented that they had done this and Plaintiff was justified in believing that they had, and Plaintiff was financially destroyed as a result of that trust, belief and reliance.
- 82. Defendants, BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 committed fraud by violating California Civil Code 2924 et seq. in demanding sums they were not entitled to receive, for the sole and only purpose of personal profit.
- 83. Defendants, BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 committed fraud by knowing what the Plaintiff's intention was by requesting a refinance of their Property. Defendants, and

each of them, knew that the loans they were offering Plaintiff did not comport with Plaintiff's loan modification desires. However, Defendants, and each of them, knowing the statements were untrue, assured Plaintiff that the loan was: just what they had asked for." Plaintiff was justified in believing Defendants, and was damaged as a result of that belief.

- 84. Defendants BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 committed fraud by preparing loan documents that specifically indicated that the principal and interest loan payment would be less than 2% interest per month. BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and each them, represented to Plaintiff that if they paid this amount, the y would extinguish the loan in compliance with the date set forth on the promissory note after thirty (30) years. Defendants knew they made these statements, that in truth, if Plaintiff made those payments, over the stated 2% interest rate loan modification agreement would be added each month to the principal. The Defendants never told Plaintiff this information, used the trust that defendant JP Morgan CHASE's agent, representatives had "culminated" with Plaintiffs, in order to prey upon them and take advantage of her. Plaintiff was justified in believing Defendants, and was damaged as a result of such belief and trust.
- 85. Defendants' actions in this matter have been willful and knowing a/or with complete and reckless disregard of the emotional or financial ramifications that would surely befall Plaintiff. Defendants' actions were a direct result of a scheme to further gain financially by taking advantage of senior citizens who quite frankly did not understand the intentionally confusing legal jargon with which the loan documents were drafted.
- 86. Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, an alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, conspired each with each other

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in order to take advantage of Plaintiff, who was a senior citizen at the time the subject loan was offered and Plaintiff was induced into accepting.

87. Plaintiff was reasonable in her reliance of the statements and representations made by Defendants BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3.

88. Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, an alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, 's conduct was intention, despicable, willful, malicious, calculated and deliberate. It was their intention to cause financial as well as emotional damage to befall Plaintiff in order that they profit.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

To Void Contract Based on

Impossibility of Performance

California Civil Code 1411, 1511, 1595 et seq.

- 89. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 88.
- 90. Plaintiff was informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief allege, that whereas the written contract has but a single object and such object is impossible to perform, the entire contract is void.
- 91. Defendants, and each of them, together with any DOE Defendants claiming to be a holder in the course of the Note knew, or should have known, based upon the actual income information provided by Plaintiff to Defendants, MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3,, and or DOE Defendants as well as information inserted by JP Morgan CHASE agents both

 YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY. N.A. into the loan application, Defendants, and each of them, knew, or should have known, that Plaintiffs, quality assurance technician and house wife, could never have performed in accordance with the terms set forth in the written contract over the life of the loan.

- 92. Defendants, and each of them, knew or should have known that the written contract provided for a negative amortization payment schedule, and as such, as the payments were set forth, there was no way that the loan would be repaid by the date set forth in the Note.
- 93. Despite being in possession, at all times of the information noted above, Defendants, and each of them, together with any DOE Defendants claiming to be a holder in due course of the Note, produced and tendered the loan documentation to Plaintiff and sought to obtain the signature of Plaintiff upon all such documentation, knowing at the onset of the written contract that performance in accordance with the terms, was impossible.
- 94. Defendants, and each of them, knew or should have known that Plaintiff would be forced to refinance her home loan at some point in the future in order to pay off the loan in accordance with the repayment date set forth in the Note. However, Defendants, and each of them knew that Plaintiff was a senior citizens at the time the loan was extended, and therefore would be unable to refinance her home in order to comply with the terms of the Note, given the fact that the number of years in which they would be able to work were very limited, being almost sixty (60) years of age at the time and plaintiff being a housewife.
- 95. Given that at the time the modification loan documents and the original mortgage loan agreement she was now being qualified to take over payments with the Defendant JP Morgan CHASE as the beneficiary of said NOTE and DEED of TRUST, were executed by Plaintiff, it was impossible for Plaintiff to repay the loan in accordance with the date set forth on the Note, the Note was void at the time of its execution and an Order so stating should be issued by this Court.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

To Void Contract Based on Unconscionable

California Civil Code § 1670.5(a)

(Against All Defendants)

96. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 95.

97. California Civil Code § 1670.5(a) states:

If the court as a matter of law finds the contract or any contract clause of the contract to have been unconscionable at the time it was made, the court may refuse to enforce the contract within the unconscionable clause, or it may so limit the application of any Unconscionable clause as to avoid any unconscionable result.

- 98. The original and any subsequently executed written contract governing the subject loan is unconscionable for the following reasons:
- Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by falsifying loan documents and thus engaging in fraud.
- Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, knew Plaintiff would never have qualified for the loan they had wanted to extend to Plaintiff, based upon her true income, therefore they avoided the documentation, failed to verify Plaintiff's (as a HDC under GRANT DEED executed between her and the original Trustor under agreement) income by "turning their head away", which was required by law and placed her in a Stated Income loan which was not available to wage earnings at the time the subject loan was funded.
- Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES,
 LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY,
 NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of

the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3essentially "promoted" Plaintiff into a completely unauthorized and lucrative profession, without her knowledge or consent, for the sole purpose of "closing the deal" and having her approved for a loan that they knew, based on ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST)'s true income, he or she would never have been able to afford over the life of the loan.

- Defendants and each of them, including their respective agents, never explained to Plaintiff the truth, that the mortgage payments could and would be more than what was represented and stated in the Truth in Lending disclosure document.
- The language which Defendant MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 used in the promissory note was incomprehensible, filled with legalese and filled with unintelligible language, all designed to confuse the average English Speaking purchaser, and when coupled with an individual such as Plaintiff, it demonstrated the specific intent and purpose of obscuring their rights and the unconscionableness of the contract.

It was designed to insure that Plaintiff did not comprehend the true nature of the agreement and the extraordinary costs that it contained. As a result, Plaintiff relied upon the oral representations of the agents of Defendant, JP Morgan CHASE et al, and the Truth in Lending Disclosure.

• The subject loan was a negative amortization loan, a fact which all Defendants through their agents, affiliates and employees and independent contractors, conspired, each with each other, to conceal and attempted to conceal from Plaintiff. Plaintiff believed she was paying the amounts as due in the Truth in Lending Disclosure and that they would be able to liquidate or extinguish the Promissory Note by the date stated in the Promissory Note. She further believed that the payments, during the first portion of the repayment schedule, would further accomplish this. However, the balance due on the loan increased rather than decreased.

- The Plaintiff has been informed and believes and thereupon alleges that she would have qualified for a loan with better terms such as a fixed rate loan or a "safer" loan product.
- The Plaintiff would have been approved for a better loan with a fixed interest rate, instead of the exploding ARM UNDER BOTH THE ORIGINAL MORTGAGE LOAN TERMS & UNDER THE NEW LOAN MODIFICATION AGREEMENT MADE WITH DEFENDANT prior to filing this FAC, she was lured into accepting.
- The loan extended to Plaintiff was generally extended to those people with much worse credit and foreclosures in her history, not for potential borrowers with the stellar credit scores of the Plaintiff, who was able to purchase the original owners real property interest in the subject property from a lawfully conducted TRUSTEES'SALE Auction. *A Cash purchaser*.
- •The Defendants knew that the loans were exactly opposite of what Plaintiff had requested, specifically, a lower interest rate, lower payments and possibly cash out to perform some home improvements. Instead she was lured into accepting a loan with a false "teaser rate" of interest, which later soared into an exploding ARM, unknown to be either subjected to negative amortization and or 6 month labor indexed rate loan, which added over \$4,400 each month to the principle balance.
- •Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 preyed upon the trust of Plaintiff, and took advantage of her elderly status in order to confuse her, lie to her, and thus deceive her into accepting a loan which was completely contrary to her financial condition and needs for the sole purpose of profit.
- 99. Defendants' action in this matter has been willful and knowing and/or with complete and reckless disregard of the emotional or financial ramifications that would surely befall Plaintiff.

NINETH CAUSE OF ACTION

Contractual Breach of Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing

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(Against all Defendants)

- 100. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 99.
- 101. Every contract imposes upon each party a duty of good faith and fair dealing in its performance and its enforcement. This implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing required that no party will do anything that will have the effect of impairing, destroying, or injuring the rights of the other party who receive the benefit of Her agreement. The covenant implies that in all contracts each party will do all things reasonably contemplated by the term of contract to accomplish its purpose. This covenant protects the benefits of the contract that the parties reasonably contemplated when they entered into the agreement.
- 102. The terms of the Promissory Note and the Deed of Trust imposed upon Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 and/or assign, a duty of good faith and fair dealing in this matter.
- 103. Defendants enjoyed substantial discretionary power affecting the rights of Plaintiff during the events alleged in this Complaint. Defendants were required to exercise such power in good faith.
- 104. Defendants willfully breached their implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing with Plaintiff when Defendants:
 - i. Failed to provide all of the proper disclosures;
- ii. Did not provide an accurate Truth In Lending Disclosure on the Option ARM mortgage;
- iii. Placing Plaintiff into a loan whereby it was likely the Plaintiff would default or incur bankruptcy as a result of the loan and it was reasonable foreseeable that such would occur;

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	iv. Offering a product that was not suited to the financial circumstances and
	status of Plaintiff
	v. Falsified loan documentation in order to "close a deal" to the detriment of
	Plaintiff;
l	vi. Placing Plaintiff into a stated income loan whereby the Plaintiff could be liable
	for actions that the Plaintiff is unaware of;
	vii. Placing Plaintiff into a loan with a significantly higher monthly payment in
	order to receive a Yield Spread Premium;
	viii. Fraudulently inducing Plaintiff to enter into a mortgage transaction which
	was contrary to Plaintiff's stated intentions, contrary to her interest, and contrary to the
	preservation of her home;
	ix. Placing Plaintiff into a loan without a realistic tests of the ability of the
	Plaintiff to repay the loan; and
	x. Using the reminiscent and easily confused nature of elderly senior citizens in
	order to culminate "trust" and "friendship" for the sole purpose of using undue influence
	to financially take advantage of Plaintiff.
	105. As a result of Defendants' breach of this covenant, Plaintiff has suffered injury and
	will cause Plaintiff to suffer the loss of her home and threatening loss of possession of her home.
	Plaintiff has incurred and continues to incur attorney's fees and other costs and expense to right
	this wrong.
	106. Defendants' actions in this matter have been willful, knowing, malicious, fraudulent and oppressive, entitling Plaintiff to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish
	Defendants and to deter others from engaging in the same behavior.
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TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of California Civil Code § 1920 and 1921 (Against All Defendants)

107. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 106.

108. Based on information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants, and each of them, violated California Civil Code section 1921.

109. As a proximate result of Defendants' action Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount not yet ascertained, to be proven at trial.

ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of California Civil Code §1916.7

(Against Defendants)

- 110. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 109.
- 111. Based on information and belief, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants, and each of them, violated California Civil Code § 1916.7 in failing to provide the disclosure notice required by 1916.7, in a timely manner.
- 112. Plaintiff was not fully informed of the terms, pros, cons and risk of her adjustable rate mortgage and other loan options that might have been more beneficial to her as a borrower.
 - 113. As a result, Defendants' actions, the loan are rescindable pursuant to §1916.7.
 - (A1) 6500-FDIC Consumer Protection, §226.17 and § 226.23 Right of rescission

 "In a credit transaction in which a security interest is or will be

 Retained or acquired in a consumer's principle dwelling,".
 - (A1) 6500 FDIC Consumer Protection, § 226.17 § 226.23 Right of rescission "In a credit transaction in which a security interest is or will be retained or acquired in a consumer's principal dwelling, each consumer whose ownership is or will be subject to the security interest has the right to rescind the transaction. Lenders are required to deliver two copies of the notice of the right to rescind and one copy of the disclosure statement to each consumer entitled to rescind." The notice shall be on a separate document that identifies the transaction and shall clearly and conspicuously disclose the following:
 - (i) The retention or acquisition of a security interest in the consumer's principal dwelling.
 - (ii) The consumer's right to rescind the transaction.
 - (iii) How to exercise the right to rescind, with a form for that purpose, designating the address of the creditor's place of business.

(v) The date the rescission period expires.

A2) Code Of Civil Procedure Section 337.3. An action based upon the rescission of a contract in writing. The time begins to run from the date upon which the facts that entitle the aggrieved party to rescind occurred. Where the ground for rescission is fraud or mistake, the time does not begin to run until the discovery by the aggrieved party of the facts constituting the fraud or mistake. The time does not begin to run until the representation becomes false.

- (B1) 12 C.F.R. 226.23(a)(3). Failure to make clear, conspicuous, and accurate material disclosures also triggers an extended right of rescission. Material disclosures include the: (1) annual percentage rate, (2) finance charge, (3) amount financed, (4) total payments, (5) or payment schedule.
- (B2) Truth In Lending Act (15 USC 1601 et seq.). The purpose of TILA is to promote the informed use of consumer credit by requiring disclosures about its terms, cost to standardize the manner in which costs associated with borrowing are calculated and disclosed. TILA requires uniform or standardized disclosure of costs and charges so that consumers can shop and compare. Misleading or misrepresentation of those charges voids the consumer's ability to shop for comparable loan products that may be available through other lenders. The regulation prohibits certain acts or practices in connection with credit secured by a consumer's principal dwelling.
- (B3) 6500 FDIC Consumer Protection § 226.19 Certain residential mortgage and variable-rate transactions (2) Redisclosure required. If the annual percentage rate at the time of consummation varies from the annual percentage rate disclosed earlier by more than 1/8 of 1 percentage point in a regular transaction or more than 1/4 of 1 percentage point in an irregular transaction, as defined in § 226.22. the creditor shall disclose all the changed terms no later than consummation or settlement. Credit secured by real property or a dwelling. The disclosed finance charge is considered accurate if it does not vary from the actual finance charge by more than \$100 or \$35 if foreclosure proceedings have been initiated.

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114. As a proximate result of Defendants' actions Plaintiff has been damaged in an amount not yet ascertained, to be proven at trial.

TWELFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Rescission/Cancellation

(Against all Defendants)

- 115. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 114.
- 116. Plaintiffs allege that the loan was obtained by Defendants, and each of the, through mistake and fraud by engaging in deceptive practices as alleged herein.
- 117. Defendants, and each of them, with the intent to deceive Plaintiff to consent to the loan, knew or should have known Plaintiff was not capable of understanding or comprehending the true cost of the loan; and which Defendants, and each of them, did fraudulently conceal from Plaintiff that she was at risk of losing her home.
- 118. The active misrepresentation of Defendants, and each of them and their silence and deceit, were false and fraudulent.
- 119. At the time Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and each of them, made the misrepresentation and engaged a conspiracy to conceal and deceive as herein alleged, and at the time Plaintiff applied for the loans, Plaintiff did not know that the misrepresentation, deceit and inducements by Defendants and each of them, were false and fraudulent, but instead believed them to be truthful and reasonably relied on them, thereby entering into the loan transaction without the benefit of true facts, and by coercion and mistake.
- 120. As a result of the fraudulent misrepresentations and deceit by Defendants and each of them, Plaintiff has incurred substantial financial damages as herein alleged. Plaintiff hereupon serves notice of her demand for recessionary damages on the grounds of fraudulent

misrepresentations, deceit and mistake by Defendants, and each of them as alleged herein. To the extent that Plaintiff's as HDC of the original Trustor's obligation/ mortgage /loan transaction documents contain an exculpatory clause in favor of Defendants, and each of them purporting to release Defendants, and each of the from their own fraud, Plaintiff alleges that such a clause in unenforceable pursuant to Civil Code \$1668 and other applicable law.

121. Plaintiff hereby demand restitution from Defendants, and each of them, in an amount that will restore Plaintiff to a position she would have been in had the Defendants and each of them, not engaged in the willful, intentional and purposeful conduct herein alleged. Plaintiff further alleged that Defendants and each of them to the Plaintiff.

THIRTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Unfair Business Practices

(Against All Defendants)

- 122. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 121.
- 123. California Business and Professions Code § 17200 prohibits any unlawful or fraudulent business act or practice and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising and any act prohibited by Business and Professions Code §17500, et seq.
- 124. California Business and Professions Code § 17500, et seq. *Prohibits the making if a statement or a publication or declaration concerning any circumstances or matter of fact connected with the proposed performance or disposition of real or personal property, which pronouncement is untrue or misleading, and which if known, or which by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading.*
- 125. Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 and each of them, have committed acts of unfair business practices defined by California Business and Professions Code 17200, et seq. by engaging in acts and practices as alleged above, including but not limited to:

continuously violating RESPA and the Truth- In- Lending Act, using bait and switch tactics; making loans without providing borrowers with sufficient, accurate and understandable information regarding the terms and conditions of the loan; making loans without providing borrowers with sufficient, accurate and understandable information regarding the nature and extent of the financial risk being assumed by the borrowers; and making loans based on income information they themselves inflated in order to "close the loan."

126. The acts all as alleged above violate California Business and Profession Code §17200, et seq. in the manner alleged above, and, based on information and belief, in the following further respects: the conduct of Defendants and each of them, threatens and caplet violation of various consumer protection statues, or which violate the policy or spirit of such laws, including, but not limited to, California Business and Professions Code §§10130 and 17500, California Civil Code §§§§§§ 1709, 1710, 1711, 1770, 1920 and 1921 and 1639 of Title 15 of the United States Codes, together with Regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. 226:1.

127. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned acts, by Defendants and each of them, Plaintiff sustained damages in an amount not yet ascertained to be proven at trial.

FOURTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Breach of Fiduciary Duty

(Against Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3)

128. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 127.

129. At all times relevant, Defendant, through their agents, including but not limited to,
Defendant MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC,
along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP
MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, created, accepted and acted in a

 fiduciary relationship of great trust and acted for and were the processors of Property for the benefit of Plaintiff.

- 130. Defendants, and each of the, breached their fiduciary duties owed to Plaintiff as they have acted and continue to act for their own benefit and to the detriment of Plaintiff. Among other things, they have placed and negotiated loans without due care to the best interest of Plaintiff and for the protection of their rights.
- 131. Defendants, and each of them, breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by violating California Civil Code §2924f in extorting and demanding sums they were not entitled to receive by charging "junk fees" and utilizing a "yield spread" scheme.
- 132. Defendants and each of them breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by luring Plaintiff into a loan and then requiring performance under a loan document which was intentionally incomprehensible and filled with legalese. The Defendants also concealed the true nature and terms by providing a "disclosure" of what the "loan payment" would be, knowing at the time made such statements, that is Plaintiff in fact made those stated payments, the negative amortization feature of the loan would cause thousands of dollars to be added t the principal each month, effectively drowning Plaintiff in a sea of debt that, based on the current income which Plaintiff provided to Defendants, they knew she would never escape from.

This incomprehensibility was intended to insure that the Plaintiff did not comprehend its terms, which in turn permitted the Defendants and their successors to mislead the Plaintiff nd thereby financially profit from its terms. The Defendants and each of them continued this action by demanding performance and payment of money, justifying these demands by the incomprehensible language of the subject loan.

133. Defendants and each of them, breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by violating the accurate disclosure requirements of the loan and by failing to comply with the Federal Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C §§ 1601-1666) and with the Act's corresponding Regulation Z (24 C.F.R §§ 3500.1-3500.17) and thereafter by willfully failing and refusing after demand made to correct these inaccuracies.

- 134. Defendants and each of them breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by concealing from Plaintiff that the subject loan was a negative amortization loan. They concealed from the Plaintiff the fact that this loan could never be paid off by its terms by the payments as set forth in the Truth in Lending Disclosure, thus forcing Plaintiff to lose her home, because, as a result of her age, refinancing her property might not be an option.
- 135. Defendants and each of them breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by luring Plaintiff into more expensive and higher interest rate loan than what she would have qualified for, and lied to the Plaintiff in doing so.
- 136. Defendants ad each of them, breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by placing them into a no income program and or a six month labor program loan, knowing that such loan was not available to them as a wage earner, thus exposing them to liability for future actions.
- 137. Defendants and each of them, breached their fiduciary duty owed to Plaintiff by intentionally placing them into a loan program without any realistic test as to their ability to repay the loan, knowing that they themselves inflated he or her true income to a level that they knew Plaintiff would never obtain, given the profession of Plaintiff ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST) and the age of the Plaintiff, thus meaning that her working years were coming to an end, in order to "seal the deal" and profit from the transaction, to the detriment of both the original Trustor and Plaintiff Albina Tikhonov Real party in interest HDC.
- 138. The conduct of Defendants, and each of them, was willful, intentional, purposeful, and done with the sole intention to profit, to the detriment of Plaintiff.
- 139. As a consequence and proximate result of the aforementioned acts and breach of their fiduciary duties, by Defendants and each of them, Plaintiff sustained damages in an amount not yet ascertained to be proven at trial.
- 140. The conduct of Defendants and each of them as herein alleged was a substantial factor in causing the damages sustained by Plaintiff and as a direct, proximate and legal result of the above alleged breach of fiduciary duty. Plaintiff has suffered and will continue to suffer

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damages in an amount not yet ascertained to be proven at trial, including, but not limited to, damages for loss of property, money, and damages for emotional distress.

141. Defendants, and each of them are guilty of malice, fraud or oppression, as defined in California Civil Code §3294, and Plaintiff should therefore recover, in addition to actual damages, damages to make an example of and punish Defendants and each of them.

FIFTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Elder Abuse

California Welfare and Institutions Code Section 15600, et seq. (Against All Defendants)

- 142. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates and by reference the allegations in the paragraphs 1 through 141.
- 143. Plaintiff, ALBINA TIKHONOV-(REAL PARTY IN INTEREST as successor to the original Owner /Trustor were both approximately 60 years old or older at the time the subject loan was extended and accepted. As such, in accordance with California Welfare and Instructions Code §15610.27, he was a senior citizen and is therefore, afforded special protections under the laws of the State of California.
- 144. Plaintiff, was born in Russia, and was approximately 60 at the time the subject loan was extended and accepted.
- 145. California Welfare and Institutions Code §15610.30(a) defines financial abuse as the taking of real or personal property with an intent to defraud. Civil remedies are sometimes available under California Welfare and Instructions Code 15657.03.
- 146. In addition, California Civil Code §525 known as the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act, which can be used in conjunction with all other legal remedies, specifies unfair methods of competition and unfair if deceptive acts and practices for the sale of goods or services to consumers, and includes specific enhanced penalties and protections for seniors as indicated in California Civil Code § 1770(a)(23). California Civil Code § 3345 also

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provides the recovery of treble damages as a result of unfair or deceptive practices against senior citizens.

147. Defendants, MERS, LISA CLARK, and to the alleged assigned trustee ETS SERVICES, LLC, along with Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, based the subject loan on the Plaintiff's home equity, as opposed to her ability to repay the loan, in conscious disregard of their duties to **Plaintiff as well as to the American economy in general.**

148. Defendant ETS SERVICES, LLC and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3 first made the conscious decision to "close the deal" with regard to securing the Property of Plaintiff by way of a Deed of Trust at whatever cost.

149. Defendants BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, with the cooperation, support and ratification of Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, made the conscious decision that despite the stated intentions of Plaintiff as to the loan product desired, to "win over" the confidence of Plaintiff by engaging her reminiscent conversation regarding family and native country of Russia, in order to befriend Plaintiff and cultivate trust.

150. Defendant MERS, LISA CLARK, with the cooperation, support and ratification of Defendants ETS SERVICES, LLC and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, made the conscious decision that she was going to convince Plaintiff of her knowledge of the loan markets at the time and convince Plaintiff that she would "look out for their interest" and get them "exactly what they asked for" with regard to a specific loan product.

ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A., with the cooperation, support and ratification of Defendant JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A., realized that based on the true income of Plaintiff, she would not be able to get the Plaintiff approved for the particular loan product she wanted them to sign off on Therefore, after thought and consideration as to the possible solutions, she made the conscious decision, and such decision was ratified by Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A., that with the incentive of additional profits and financial gains, she would place Plaintiff into a no documentation/stated income loan in order to inflate the income of Plaintiff from the true income per month to month in order to "approve" Plaintiff for the negative amortization loan product which offered a yield spread premium JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A., did this despite having the true income as indicated by income tax records and pay stubs available to her. True income likely would have resulted in denial of the loan.

152. Defendant Defendants ETS SERVICES, LLC, with the cooperation, support ratification of Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK, with the cooperation, support and ratification of and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, made the conscious decision that she would hide from Plaintiff the true nature of the loan, so as to ensure that they were not aware of what they were in fact agreeing to, for the sole purpose of procuring her commission.

153. Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, made the conscious decision the despite requirement to the contrary, after receiving the loan documentation of Plaintiff created by Defendant JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee with the cooperation, support and ratification of Defendant MERS, AND LIS CLARK made the conscious decision to ignore the

 fact that verification of income had not been made and even failed to verify themselves, any information of Plaintiff as to whether the loan should be approved. Their motivation was to secure the Property of the senior citizen Plaintiff upon foreclosure, who they knew were making further improvements on the Property, in order to secure addition profit, at the expense of the Plaintiff.

154. Defendant JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee, made the conscious decision to work with Defendant MERS, LISA CLARK, and Defendant ETS SERVICE, LLC, that the Plaintiff would be figuratively left in the dark as to the true nature and exploding costs of the loan, so as to ensure that Plaintiff would sign their names upon the loan documents. Plaintiff counted on the abilities of Defendant MERS, LISA CLARK and ETS SERVICE, LLC to be able to assure Plaintiff that they were getting exactly what they had stated they wanted, so as to ensure that the signatures of Plaintiff would be affixed to the loan documents.

155. The "originating" Defendants received their unjust enrichment in the form of yield spread premiums and inflated cost and simply waited patiently until Plaintiff inevitable default on the loan. At such time their plan would come to fruition and they would be able to sell the Property at a foreclosure auction, likely to return to a party within the Defendants' fraudulent scheme.

156. Once the counted on default occurred, defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, made the conscious decision to ignore the attempts on the part of Plaintiff to work out a restructure or modification to the loan. Preventing foreclosure was never their intention; they were counting on the foreclosure. Once default occurred, they were quick to act and foreclose on the Property.

157. Defendants acts were willful, shameless, deliberate, calculated, scheming, intentional, and done with complete and total disregard for the financial and emotional harm that would befall the Plaintiff, despite her protected status of senior citizen.

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159. Plaintiff is entitled to recover punitive and exemplary damages in addition to attorney's fees and costs of their suit incurred as a result of Defendants actions as hereinabove set forth.

SIXTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Conspiracy

(Against MERS, LISA CLARK (alleged Secretary of MERS), and ETS
SERVICE, LLC; BANK OF New York MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF New York TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP
MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3and DOE Defendants
1-10 Inclusive)

- 165. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 164.
- 166. The actions of Defendants and each of them which has resulted in Plaintiff now being faced with the possibility of losing the Property forever, the very Property that Plaintiff has called home, the Property she worked her entire life to achieve, constitutes outrageous conduct.
- 167. Defendants and each of them, knowingly, intentionally, purposefully, and with complete disregard for the consequences which befall Plaintiff committed these act with reckless disregard of the probability of causing Plaintiff to suffer emotional distress.
- 168. The acts of Defendants as herein above described and each of them, have resulted in Plaintiff suffering severe anxiety, asthma, nervousness, depression, fewer, diabetes aggregation, insecurity and extreme emotional distress.
- 169. The outrageous conduct of Defendants as herein above described and each of them, which was, in by no stretch of the imagination privileged, is the actual and proximate cause of the severe emotional distress suffered by Plaintiff. Plaintiff, who thought they could trust Defendants MERS, LISA CLARK and ETS SERVICE, LLC due to their fiduciary relationship and seemingly close "friendship" with Defendant ETS SERVICE, LLC; BANK

OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF New York TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, relied on the expertise and training of Defendants to guide them in this extremely important decision of the refinance of their home, only to be deceived, lied to, victimized by theft, deliberately subjected to a situation wherein Plaintiff would be forced to incur additional fees and expenses in order to overcome, targeted for predatory loan tactics, taken advantage of and now being faced with losing her home, have all caused Plaintiff extreme emotional distress.

- 170. Despite legislation enacted by the State of California to the contrary, Defendants and each of them, refused to finalize a loan modification in order to cure the default status of the Property, sold the Property at Trustee's Sale and now have initiated and unlawful detainer action for the sole purpose of forcing Plaintiff to leave their home.
- 171. The conduct of Defendants as herein above described, and each of them, was so vile, base, contemptible, miserable, wretched and loathsome that it would be looked down upon and despised by ordinary people. The conduct of Defendants, committed intentionally against senior citizens, is shocking and vulgar. The conduct and actions of Defendant and each of them, as hereinabove described, was done as result of greed, with the sole and only purpose and intent to enjoy unjust profits and monetary enrichment at Plaintiff's expense. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish Defendants and to deter others from engaging in similar conduct.

EIGHTEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Injunctive Relief

(Against all Defendants)

- 172. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 171.
- 173. Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief in this matter based upon the fact that neither of the Defendants attempting to singularly or collectively foreclose on the Property is the real party in interest in the foreclosure proceeding nor can they be the real party in interest in defending this

action. Only the real party in interest can prosecute or defend a lawsuit and moreover, only the real party in interest can proceed with a judicial foreclosure. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that neither of the Defendants is the holder of the note on the Property.

Therefore, neither of the Defendants has the right to proceed with a foreclosure on the Property and the Defendants should be enjoined from proceeding with a foreclosure without producing the original note and moreover establishing that they are holders of the note

- 174. Defendants and each of them. Have failed to make good faith reasonable efforts to attempt to make a mortgage workout plan between Plaintiff and Defendants, all of which would have worked out to Defendants' advantage and given them adequate protection of their interest in the Property. Such failure and refusal to act in good faith by defendants is manifested by:
 - (1) Failure to follow California Civil Code 2924, et. Seq. in dealing with Plaintiff;
- (2) Failure and refusal to comply with debt collection practice laws of the State of California in attempting to collect a debt and the federal equivalent of said laws.

NINETEENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Declatory Relief

(Against all Defendants)

175. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 174.

176. An actual controversy has risen and now exists between Plaintiff and Defendants, regarding their respective right and duties concerning the status and validity of the loan and Promissory Notes, the Deeds of trust, nominated beneficiaries on the Deeds of Trust, actual beneficiaries, loan servicers, and the foreclosure process in that Plaintiff contends that Defendants do not have the right to foreclose on the Subject Property because Defendants do not have possession of the original Promissory Note and that the purported power of sale contained in the Deed of Trust no longer applies, pursuant to California Civil Code § 2932.5

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177. Plaintiff request that this Court find that the purported power of sale contained the Deeds Trust is of no force and effect because Defendants' security interest in the Property has been rendered void.

178. Plaintiff further request that this Court find that the Defendants are not the holder in due course oft the Promissory Notes.

179. A judicial declaration is necessary and appropriate at this time and under these circumstances in order, so that the Plaintiff may ascertain her rights and duties and avoid loss of possession of her home through the AN ALLEGED RIGHT TO ENFORCE AN unlawful detainer action filed by Defendants THE BANK OF New York MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF New York TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3

180. As a result of the actions of Defendants, Plaintiff has suffered damages according to proof and seeks declaratory relief that Defendants did not have a right to foreclose and that Defendants' purported power of sale in the Deed of Trust is void and have no force or effect against the Property.

181. Defendants' actions in this matter have been willful and knowing.

TWENTIETH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of Cal. Civ. Code 1632

(Against Defendants []])

182. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every one of the preceding paragraphs as if the same were fully set forth herein.

183. California Civil Code §1632 provides that any person engaged in a trade or business who negotiates primarily in Spanish, Russian, Chinese, Tagalong, Armenian, Vietnamese, or Korean, etc..., orally or in writing, in the course of entering into any of the following, shall deliver to the other party to the contract or agreement and prior to the execution thereof, a translation of the contract or agreement in the language in which the contract or agreement was negotiated, which includes a translation of every term and condition in that contract or agreement.

184. Under this Violation of California Civil Code section, Plaintiff has the legal right to rescind such loans.

PUNITIVE DAMAGES

185. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations in paragraphs 1 through 184.

186. Plaintiff allege that **Defendants**, and each of them, are guilty of malice, fraud and oppression as defined by California Civil Code § 3294, and that Plaintiff should recover, in addition to actual damages, damages to make an example of and punish Defendants and each of them for their action.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff pray judgment as follows:

- 1. That the Court issue a Declaration that the sale of the trust Property is null and void and of no force and effect; and an order setting aside the trustee sale of the Property.
- 2. That the Court: (a) issue an order that Defendant MERS, LISA CLARK, with the cooperation, support and ratification of and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive, deliver the trustee's deed to the Court and (b) cancel the trustee's deed.
- 3. That the Court order judgment quieting title in Plaintiff ALBINA TIKHONOV (the REAL PARTY in INTEREST), as owners of the Property, declaring that MERS, LISA CLARK, with the cooperation, support and ratification of and Defendant BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, N.A. of the JP MORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. as trustee for RAAC 2006SP3, and DOES 1 to 10, Inclusive, have no right, title, estate, lien or interest in the Property adverse to Plaintiff and order that Plaintiff be restored to possession of the Property.
- 4. That the Court render, between Plaintiff and Defendants, an accounting determining the amount, if any, actually owed to Defendants by Plaintiff.

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5. That Defend	lants render pro	oof of existence of their alleged note and security in	iterest on
the Property.			
6. That Plaintiff	F ALBINA TIKI	HONOV (REAL PARTY INTEREST) be declared the	prevailing
parties.			
7. For attorney	fees and cost of	suit.	
8. For general	and special dama	ages.	
9. For punitive	damages.		
10. For such of	her and further r	relief as the Court may deem proper.	
Dizada Tala A	5 2012		
Dated: July 2	3, 2012	(m	
	F	By: Albina Tikhonov- (Real Party in Interest)	
		Third Party Intervener	•
		In pro per	
		Verification	
I, ALBINA TII	KHONOV, am a	Plaintiff in the above-entitled matter. I have read the	
Foregoing Comp	laint and know t	he contents thereof. The same is true of my own know	vledge,
except those mat	ters which are he	erein alleged on information and belief, and as to thos	e matters,
I believe them to	be true.		
		rjury under the laws of the State of California that the)
foregoing is true	and correct.		
F	ar ooth a c		
Executed	this 25", day of	July, 2012 at Los Angeles, California.	
		Day Alleing Tildeman	
		By: Albina Tikhonov	
		Declarant	
FIRST AME		TED COMPLAINT FOR UNLAWFUL DETAINE	ER AND
i I	DAMAGES	AND FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF = 54	

MARKED EXHIBIT "A"

1.8

(The "GRANT DEED")

- a true and correct copy of that recorded GRANT DEED- prima facie evidence of Plaintiff's a Free and Clear Ownership that CAN NOT BE DISPUTED BY defendants as the fact of the matter at issue

ANT DEED prima facie evid.

OT BE DISPUTED BY defendants.

Defendants

Dispute

After

After

Aught

After

Aught

Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Exhibit 2 . Pg 57 of 81 RECORDING REQUESTED BY: MAIL TAX STATEMENTS AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO: ALBINA TIKHONOV 20081215761 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE SHERMAN OAKS, CA 91403 Escrow No.: SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE IS FOR RECORDER'S USE APN: 2263-021-013 **GRANT DEED** "THIS IS A BONAFIDE GIFT AND THE GRANTOR RECEIVED NOTHING IN RETURN, R & T 1911" DOCUMENTARY TRANSFER TAX IS \$_ THE UNDERSIGNED GRANTOR(S) DECLARE(S): Computed on full value of property conveyed, or Computed on full value less tiens and encumbrances remaining at time of sale. Unincorporated area For valuable consideration, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, BORIS AND PAULINE AKSELROD, TRUSTEES OF THE AKSELROD REVOCABLE FAMILY TRUST UTD JANUARY 24, 2000. hereby GRANT(S) to ALBINA TIKHONOV the real property situated in the County of LOS ANGELES, State of California, more particularly described AS FOLLOWS: LOT 15, BLOCK 27 OF TRACT NO. 7307, IN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AS PER MAP RECORDED IN BOOK 85 PAGES 1 THROUGH 5 INCLUSIVE OF MAPS, IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAID COUNTY. ALSO KNOWN AS: 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE, SHERMAN OAKS, CA 91403. "THIS IS A BONAFIDE GIFT AND THE GRANTOR RECEIVED NOTHING IN RETURN, R&T 1911"

Dated: JULY 2, 2008

Order No.:

12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit 2 Pg 58 of 81

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

)) SS.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

On JULY 2, 2008 before me, ZOYA VLADIMIRSKAYA, Notary Public, personally

appeared BORIS AKSELROD AND PAULINE AKSELROD.

who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence) to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature_

20YA VLADIMIRSKAYA COMM. #1714021 Notary Public - California Los Angeles County My-Gorm. Expires Jan. 1, 2011

08 1215761







Recorder's Office, Los Angeles County.

California

07/09/08 AT 08:00AM

Tax: 0.00 **Other: 0.00** Total: 35.00

Title Company

TITLE(S):



Assessor's Identification Number (AIN) To be completed by Examiner OR Title Company in black ink.

Number of AIN's Shown



12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit in Pg 61 of 81

RECORDING REQUESTED BY:
AMERICAN TRUST DEED SERVICES CORP.

AND WHEN RECORDED TO:
AKSELROD REVOCABLE FAMILY TRUST
4947 ENCINO AVE.
ENCINO, CA. 91316

20080057975

Forward Tax Statements to the address given above

RECORDING REQUESTED BY FIRST AMERICAN TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY

SPACE ABOVE LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

TS #: 07-8706 Loan #: OVSOVICH RECORDING REQUESTED BY FIRST AMERICAN TITLE COMPANY AS AN ACCOMMODATION ONLY

Order #: 3371820 -- VD

investor #:

TRUSTEE'S DEED UPON SALE

A.P.N.: 2263-021-013

Transfer Tax: \$0.00

"THIS TRANSACTION IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE REVENUE AND TAXATION CODE, SECTION 480.3" The Grantee Herein WAS The Foreclosing Beneficiary.

The Amount of The Unpaid Debt was \$27,176.33

The Amount Paid By The Grantee Was \$27,176.33

Said Property Is In The City of SHERMAN OAKS, County of Los Angeles

AMERICAN TRUST DEED SERVICES CORP., as Trustee, (whereas so designated in the Deed of Trust hereunder more particularly described or as duly appointed Trustee) does hereby GRANT and CONVEY to

AKSELROD REVOCABLE FAMILY TRUST

(herein called Grantee) but without covenant or warranty, expressed or implied, all right title and interest conveyed to and now held by it as Trustee under the Deed of Trust in and to the property situated in the county of Los Angeles, State of California, described as follows:

As more fully described on said Deed of Trust.

LOT 15, BLOCK 27 OF TRACT NO 7307, IN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AS PER MAP RECORDED IN BOOK 85 PAGE(S) I THROUGH 5 INCLUSIVE OF MAPS, IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAID COUNTY.

This conveyance is made in compliance with the terms and provisions of the Deed of Trust executed by LEONID OVSOVICH as Trustor, dated 11/2/2006 of the Official Records in the office of the Recorder of Los Angeles, California under the authority and powers vested in the Trustee designated in the Deed of Trust or as the duly appointed Trustee, default having occured under the Deed of Trust pursuant to the Notice of Default and Election to Sell under the Deed of Trust recorded on 11/9/2006, instrument number 06 2491932, Book, Page of Official records. Trustee having complied with all applicable statutory requirements of the State of California and performed all duties required by the Deed of Trust including sending a Notice of Default and Election to Sell within ten days after its recording and a Notice of Sale at least twenty days prior to the Sale Date by certified mail, postage prepaid to each person entitled to notice in compliance with California Civil Code 2924b.

Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit 2 12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Pg 62 of 81

TRUSTEE'S DEED UPON SALE

TS#: 07-8706

Loan #: OVSOVICH Order #: 3371820

All requirements per California Statutes regarding the mailing, personal delivery and publication of copies of Notice of Default and Election to Sell under Deed of Trust and Notice of Trustee's Sale, and the posting of copies of Notice of Trustee's Sale have been complied with. Trustee, in compliance with said Notice of Trustee's sale and in exercise of its powers under said Deed of Trust old said real property at public auction on 12/10/2007. Grantee, being the highest bidder at said sale became the purchaser of said property for the amount bid, being \$27,176.33, in lawful money of the United States, in pro per, receipt thereof ishereby acknowledged in full/partial satisfaction of the debt secured by said Deed of Trust.

In witness thereof, AMERICAN TRUST DEED SERVICES CORP., as Trustee, has this day, caused its name to be hereunto affixed by its officer thereunto duly authorized by its corporation by-laws.

Date: 12/10/2007

AMERICAN TRUST DEED SERV

State of CALIFORNIA

ss.

County of LOS ANGELES }

On 12/12/2007 before me, CLAUDIA STYLC the undersigned Notary Public, personally appeared DAVID DESHAY personally known to me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence) to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed he instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature

(Seal)

CLAUDIA STYLC Commission # 1581383 Notary Public - California Los Angeles County My Comm. Expires May 22, 200 12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit 2

RECORDING REQUESTED BY:

AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO: THE RELIANT GROUP, INC. P.O. BOX 6698 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90212

06-2491932

Order No.:

Escrow No.:

APN: 2263-021-013

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

DEED OF TRUST

This Deed of Trust, made this 2 day of November, 2006, between Leonid Ovsovich, herein called TRUSTOR, whose address is 14713 Valleyheart Dr., Sherman oaks, CA 91403. Reliant Group, Inc., herein called TRUSTEE, and Reliant Group, Inc., herein called BENEFICIARY,

Witnesseth: That Trustor IRREVOCABLY GRANTS, TRANSFERS AND ASSIGNS to TRUSTEE IN TRUST, WITH POWER OF SALE, that property in Los Angeles County, California, described as:

LOT 15, BLOCK 27 OF TRACT NO. 7307, IN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AS PER MAP RECORDED IN BOOK 85 PAGE(S) 1 THROUGH 5 INCLUSIVE OF MAPS, IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF SAID COUNTY.

Commonly Known As: 14713 Valleyheart Drive, Sherman Oaks, CA 91403.

TOGETHER WITH the rents, issues and profits thereof, subject, however, to the right, power and authority hereinafter given to and conferred upon Beneficiary to collect and apply such rents, issues and profits.

For the Purpose of Securing:

1. Performance of each agreement of Trustor herein contained. 2. Payment of the indebtedness evidenced by one promissory note of even date herewith, and any extension or renewal thereof, in the principal sum of \$25,000.00 executed by Trustor in favor of Beneficiary or order. 3. Payment of such further sums as the then record owner of such property hereafter may borrow from Beneficiary, when evidenced by another note (or notes) reciting it is so secured.

To Protect the Security of This Deed of Trust, Trustor Agrees:

- (1) To keep said property in good condition and repair; not to remove or demolish any building thereon; to complete or restore promptly and in good and workmanlike manner any building which may be constructed, damaged or destroyed thereon and to pay when due all claims for labor performed and materials furnished therefor; to comply with all laws affecting said property or requiring any alterations or improvements to be made thereon; not to commit or permit waste thereof; not to commit, suffer or permit any act upon said property in violation of law; to cultivate, irrigate, fertilize, furnigate, prune and do all other acts which from the character or use of said property may be reasonably necessary, the specific enumerations herein not excluding the general.
- (2) To provide, maintain and deliver to Beneficiary fire insurance satisfactory to and with loss payable to Beneficiary. The amount collected under any fire or other insurance policy may be applied by Beneficiary upon any indebtedness secured hereby and in such order as Beneficiary may determine, or at option of Beneficiary the entire amount so collected or any part thereof may be released to Trustor. Such application or release shall not cure or waive any default or notice of default hereunder or invalidate any act done pursuant to such notice.
- (3) To appear in and defend any action or proceeding purporting to affect the security hereof or the rights or powers of Beneficiary or Trustee; and to pay all costs and expenses, including cost of evidence of title and attorney's fees in a reasonable sum, in any such action or proceeding in which Beneficiary or Trustee may appear, and in any sult brought by Beneficiary to foreclose this Deed.

proof of the truthfulness thereof. Any person, including Trustor, Trustee, or Beneficiary as hereinafter defined, may purchase at such sale.

After deducting all costs, fees and expenses of Trustee and of his Trust, including cost of evidence of title in connection with sale. Trustee shall apply the proceeds of sale to payment of: all sums expended under the terms hereof, not then repaid, with accrued interest at the amount allowed by law in effect at the date hereof; all other sums then secured hereby; and the remainder, if any, to the person or persons legally entitled thereto.

- (12) Beneficiary, or any successor in ownership of any indebtedness secured hereby, may from time to time, by instrument in writing, substitute a successor or successors to any Trustee named herein or acting hereunder, which instrument, executed by the Beneficiary and duly acknowledged and recorded in the office of the recorder of the county or counties where said property is situated, shall be conclusive proof of proper substitution of such successor Trustee or Trustees, who shall, without conveyance from the Trustee predecessor, succeed to all its title, estate, rights, powers and duties. Said instrument must contain the name of the original Trustor, Trustee and Beneficiary hereunder, the book and page where this Deed is recorded and the name and address of the new Trustee.
- (13) That this Deed applies to, inures to the benefit of, and binds all parties hereto, their heirs, legatees, devisees, administrators, executors, successors and assigns. The term Beneficiary shall mean the owner and holder, including pledgees, of the note secured hereby, whether or not named as Beneficiary herein. In this Deed, whenever the context so requires, the masculine gender includes the feminine and/or neuter, and the singular number includes the plural.
- (14) That Trustee accepts this Trust when this Deed, duly executed and acknowledged, is made a public record as provided by law. Trustee is not obligated to notify any party hereto of pending sale under any other Deed of Trust or of any action or proceeding in which Trustor, Beneficiary or Trustee shall be a party unless brought by Trustee.

	VISOVICA
	Leonid Ovsovich
TE OF CALIFORNIA) SS.
UNTY OF Los Angeles) Nov. 2, 2006 before me.	Yekalerina Yefimentova Personally
eared senally known to me on the	basis of satisfactory evidence) to be the person(e) whose name(
re subscribed to the within instrument and acki norized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their s hich the person(s) acted, executed the instrum	nowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/the signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalent.
	• •
	• •

FOR NOTARY STAMP





06-2491932

CALIFORNIA ALL.PURPOSE ACKNOWLEDGMENT

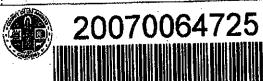
County of Los An	geles
	fore me, Vekatering Yefimerikova Notary Public. Nums and Tale of Officer (e.g., June Boo, Notary Public)
ersonally appeared	Leonid (Vsovich Name(s) of Signer(s)
	Li personally known to me
	(or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence
YEKATERINA P. YEFIMENI Commission # 1680* Notory Public - Colifo Los Angeles Count My Comm. Expires Jul 9	he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorize capacity(les), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the
•	WITNESS my hand and official seal.
	Mal
Place Nothry Seal Abovo	Signature of Notary Public
Though the information below is and could prevent frai	not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document audulent removal and reallachment of this form to another document.
Though the information below is and could prevent frait Description of Attached Doc Title or Type of Document:	not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document udulent removal and reattachment of this form to another document.
Though the information below is and could prevent fraction of Attached Doc Title or Type of Document: Document Date:	not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document audient removal and realischment of this form to another document.
Though the information below is and could prevent frait Description of Attached Doc Title or Type of Document: Document Date: Signer(s) Other Than Named Abo Capacity(les) Claimed by Si Signer's Name: Individual	not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document addulent removal and reattachment of this form to another document. Cument Number of Pages: Ove: Signer's Name: Individual
Though the information below is and could prevent frait Description of Attached Doc Title or Type of Document: Document Date: Signer(s) Other Than Named Abo Capacity(ies) Claimed by Si Signer's Name:	OPTIONAL In not required by law, it may prove valuable to persons relying on the document removal and realtachment of this form to another document. Current Number of Pages: Igner(s) Signer's Name: Individual Corporate Officer — Title(s): I Partner — Limited I'l General OF SIGNER SIGNER OF SIGNER Trustee I Guardian or Conservator

4

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Pages: 0003



Recorded/Filed in Official Records Recorder's Office, Los Angeles County , California Fees:

\$25.00 \$0.00 \$0.00

Taxes: Other:

\$25.00

01/11/07 AT 03:57PM

Paid: \$3

0000045741

200701110940017

Counter

TITLE(S):



FEE

D.T.T.

CODE

20

CODE

19

CODE

9

Assessor's Identification Number (AIN)
To be completed by Examiner OR Title Company in black ink.

Number of AIN's Shown

12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit 2 Pg 68 of 81

RECORDING REQUESTED BY

2

AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO

NAME

PRIMESTAR FINANCIAL GROUP

ADDRESS

13509 VENTURA BLVD., #A

CITY

_ .

STATE & ZIP

SHERMAN OAKS CA 91423

TITLE ORDER NO.

ESCROW NO.

APN NO

SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST AND ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS (INDIVIDUAL)

APN# 2263-021-013

This Deed of Trust, made this

15TH

day of

JUNE, 2006

, between

LEONID OVSOVICH, AN UNMARRIED MAN, herein called Trustor,

whose address is 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE, SHERMAN OAKS, CA 91403

Stewart Title of California, Inc., herein called Trustee, and

PRIMESTAR FINANCIAL GROUP , herein called Beneficiary,

Witnesseth: That Trustor IRREVOCABLY GRANTS, TRANSFERS AND ASSIGNS TO TRUSTEE IN TRUST, WITH POWER OF

SALE, that property in LOS ANGELES County, California, described as: LOT 15 IN TRACT NO. 7307, IN THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AS PER MAP RECORDED IN BOOK 85, PAGES 1 TO 5 INCLUSIVE OF MAPS, IN THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OF LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

APN#2263-021-013

PROPERTY KNOWN AS: 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE, SHERMAN OAKS, CA 91403

TOGETHER WITH the rents, issues and profits thereof, SUBJECT, HOWEVER, to the right, power and authority given to and conferred upon Beneficiary by paragraph (10) of the provisions incorporated herein by reference to collect and apply such rents, issues and profits.

For the Purpose of Securing: 1. Performance of each agreement of Trustor incorporated by reference or contained herein. 2. Payment of the indebtedness evidenced by one promissory note of even date herewith, and any extension or renewal thereof, in the principal sum of \$18,000.00 executed by Trustor in favor of Beneficiary or order. 3. Payment of such further sums as the then record owner of said property may borrow from Beneficiary, when evidenced by another note (or notes) reciting it is so secured.

To Protect the Security of This Deed of Trust, Trustor Agrees: By the execution and delivery of this Deed of Trust and the rate secured hereby, that provisions (1) to (14), inclusive, of the fictitious deed of trust recorded October 23, 1961, in the book and at the page of Official Records in the office of the county recorder of the county where said property is located, noted below opposite the name of such county, viz...

PAGE BOOK **BOOK PAGE** COUNTY DATE BOOKPAGE COUNTY DATE DATE 9/10/68 BOOKPAGE 1267 574 COUNTY DATE COUNTY SANTA BARBARA 922 842 SAN BERNARDINO BAN LUIS OBISPO ORANGE 9/6/68 9/6/98 7090 14 IMPERIAL 9/10/68 RIZBIRB 75010 KERN 9/8/68 RIVERSIDE 9/10/68 4195 363 9/6/69 VENTURA 3363 84 SERIES 9 BOOK 1988 PAGE 165820 ACCOUNT = 87097 YEAR 1968 SAN DIEGO 9/10/68

(which provisions, identical in all counties, are printed on the reverse hereof) hereby are adopted and incorporated herein and made a part hereof as fully as though set forth herein at length; that he will observe and perform said provisions; and that the references to property, obligations, and parties in said provisions shall be construed to refer to the property, obligations, and parties set forth in this Deed of Trust.

The undersigned Trustor requests that a copy of any Notice of Default and of any Notice of Sale hereunder be mailed to him at his address hereinbefore set forth.

FOR SIGNATURE(S) SEE SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST SIGNATURE PAGE ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF.

SHORT FORM DEED OF TRUST SIGNATURE(S) PAGE

Ovzovich		
LEONID OVSOVICH	*****	
•		•
STATE OF CALIFORNIA		+
STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOJ Angeles) ss.	
on 06-15-01 before me,	LEONIN A Shneyder	,NotaryPublic, personally appeared personally known to
me (or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence) acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the p	his/her/their authorized capacity(les), and	that by his/her/their signature(s) on the
WITNESS my hand and official seal.	LEONID A. SHNEYD Commission # 1408 Notary Public - Calli Los Angeles Caus My Comm. Expires Apr	5883 C Homia & Inty
Signature departed Affin	(This area for official notarial seal)	







Recorded/Filed in Official Records Recorder's Office, Los Angeles County, California

06/25/07 AT 08:00AM

Fee: 12.00 Tax: 0.00

Other: 0.00 Total: 12.00

Title Company

TITLE(S):



Assessor's Identification Number (AIN)
To be completed by Examiner OR Title Company in black ink.

Number of AlN's Shown



12-12020-mg Doc 3640-2 Filed 05/07/13 Entered 05/07/13 16:00:29 Exhibit 2 Pg 71 of 81

RECORDING REQUESTED BY:

WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:
American Trust Deed Services Corp.
14412 Friar Street
Van Nuys, California 91401



SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

TS No.: 07-8706

Loan No.: OVSOVICH

NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND ELECTION TO SELL UNDER DEED OF TRUST

IMPORTANT NOTICE

IF YOUR PROPERTY IS IN FORECLOSURE BECAUSE YOU ARE BEHIND IN YOUR PAYMENTS IT MAY BE SOLD WITHOUT ANY COURT ACTION,

and you may have the legal right to bring your account in good standing by paying all of your past due payments plus permitted costs and expenses within the time permitted by law for reinstatement of your account, which is normally five business days prior to the date set for the sale of your property. No sale date may be set until three months from the date this notice of default may be recorded (which date of recordation appears on this notice).

This amount is \$26,107.28 as of 6/22/2007, and will increase until your account becomes current. While your property is in foreclosure, you still must pay other obligations (such as insurance and taxes) required by your note and deed of trust or mortgage. If you fail to make future payments on the loan, pay taxes on the property, provide insurance on the property, or pay other obligations as required in the note and deed of trust or mortgage, the beneficiary or mortgagee may insist that you do so in order to reinstate your account in good standing. In addition, the beneficiary or mortgagee may require as a condition of reinstatement that you provide reliable written evidence that you paid all senior liens, property taxes, and hazard insurance premiums.

Upon your written request, the beneficiary or mortgagee will give you a written itemization of the entire amount you must pay. You may not have to pay the entire unpaid portion of your account, even though full payment was demanded, but you must pay all amounts in default at the time payment is made. However, you and your beneficiary or mortgagee may mutually agree in writing prior to the time the notice of sale is posted (which may not be earlier than the three month period stated above) to, among other things. (1) provide additional time in which to cure the default by transfer of the property or otherwise; or (2) establish a schedule of payments in order to cure your default; or both (1) and (2).

Following the expiration of the time period referred to in the first paragraph of this notice, unless the obligation being foreclosed upon or a separate written agreement between you and your creditor permits a longer period, you have only the legal right to stop the sale of your property by paying the entire amount demanded by your creditor. To find out the amount you must pay, or to arrange for payment to stop the foreclosure, or if your property is in foreclosure for any other reason, contact:

RELIANT GROUP, INC. C/O American Trust Deed Services Corp. 14412 Friar Street Van Nuys, California 91401

Phone: 818-781-9800

- TS No.: 07-8706

Loan No.: OVSOVICH

NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND ELECTION TO SELL UNDER DEED OF TRUST

If you have any questions, you should contact a lawyer or the governmental agency which may have insured your loan. Notwithstanding the fact that your property is in foreclosure, you may offer your property for sale provided the sale is concluded prior to the conclusion of the foreclosure.

Remember, YOU MAY LOSE LEGAL RIGHTS IF YOU DO NOT TAKE PROMPT ACTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That AMERICAN TRUST DEED SERVICES CORP. is either the original trustee, the duly appointed substituted trustee, or acting as agent for the trustee or beneficiary under a Deed of Trust dated 11/2/2006, executed by LEONID OVSOVICH, as Trustor, to secure certain obligations in favor of RELIANT GROUP, INC., as beneficiary, recorded 11/9/2006, as Instrument No. 06 2491932, in Book, Page, of Official Records in the Office of the Recorder of Los Angeles County, California describing land therein as: As more fully described on said Deed of Trust.

including ONE (1) NOTE(S) FOR THE ORIGINAL sum of \$25,000.00, that the beneficial interest under such Deed of Trust and the obligations secured thereby are presently held by the undersigned; that a breach of, and default in, the obligations for which such Deed of Trust is security has occurred in that payment has not been made of:

THE BALANCE OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST WHICH BECAME DUE ON 6/1/2007, ALONG WITH LATE CHARGES, FORECLOSURE FEES AND COSTS ANY LEGAL FEES OR ADVANCES THAT HAVE BECOME DUE.

That by reason thereof, the present beneficiary under such deed of trust, has executed and delivered to said duly appointed Trustee, a written Declaration of Default and Demand for same, and has deposited with said duly appointed Trustee, such deed of trust and all documents evidencing obligations secured thereby, and has declared and does hereby declare all sums secured thereby immediately due and payable and has elected and does hereby elect to cause the trust property to be sold to satisfy the obligations secured thereby.

Dated: 6/22/2007

SECTION 1692(E): THIS COMMUNICATION IS WITH A DEBT COLLECTOR ATTEMPTING TO COLLECT A DEBT. ANY INFORMATION OBTAINED WILL BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

AMERICAN TRUST DEED SERVICES CORP.

First American Title ins Co. as Agent

Heather Corso, Trustee Sale Officer

VANGLE ORTEGA

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MARKED EXHIBIT "B"

THE DEFENDANT'S RIGHT CAME FROM A VOID ASSIGNMENT OF DEED OF TRUST

Oddly executed in the state of Pennsylvania

Plaintiff has been unable to discover this alleged recordation in the County records official records stored therein as a matter of statutory law. (see: Ref:Marketable Record Title Act 880.02 -887.09)

This page is part of your document - DO NOT DISCARD





20111112578



Pages: 0002

Recorded/Filed in Official Records Recorder's Office, Los Angeles County, California

08/18/11 AT 08:00AM

FEES: 18.00

TAXES: 0.00

OTHER: 0.00

PAID: 18.00



LEADSHEET



201108180270003

00004550301



SEQ: 06

DAR - Title Company (Hard Copy)



THIS FORM IS NOT TO BE DUPLICATED

Requested and Prepared by: **Executive Trustee Services. LLC**

When Recorded Mail To:

Executive Trustee Services, LLC 2255 North Ontario Street, Suite 400 Burbank, CA 91504-3120

Loan No.: 0270002411 TS NO: CA1100041146 MIN #: 100112065718278720 MERS Phone: 1-888-679-6377

ASSIGNMENT OF DEED OF TRUST

For Value Received, the undersigned corporation hereby grants, assigns, and transfers to:

The Bank of New York Melion Trust Company, National Association fka The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. as successor to JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. as Trustee for RAAC 2006SP3.

all beneficial interest under that certain Deed of Trust dated: 04/06/2006 executed by *LEONID OVSOVICH*, AN UNMARRIED MAN, as Trustor(s), to CHICAGO TITLE, as Trustee, and recorded as Instrument No. 06 0841080, on 04/18/2006, in Book XX, Page XX of Official Records, in the office of the County Recorder of Los Angeles County, CA together with the Promissory Note secured by said Deed of Trust and also all rights accrued or to accrue under said Deed of Trust.

AUX W. ZOIL

MORTGAGE ELECTRONIC REGISTRATION SYSTEMS, INC., AS NOMINEE FOR MORTGAGEIT, INC A CORPORATION its successors and assigns

Lisa Clark

State of

Pennsylvania County of Montgomery Assistant Secretary

executed the instrument.

before me, Nikole Shelton

Notary Public, personally appeared Lisa Clark who proved to me on the pasis of satisfactory evidence to person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted,

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

Pennsylvania

that the

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA Noterial Seal

Nikole Shalton, Notary Public Upper Dublin Twp., Montgomery County My Cemnission Expires Aug. 11, 2014

Mamber, Pennsylvania Association of Notaries

MARKED EXHIBIT "C"

Deed of Trust.

See Page one of the Deed of Trust (EXHIBIT C) says;

RECORDED AT THE REQUEST OF CHICAGO TITLE COMPANY

Recording Requested By: MORTGAGET

Return To:

1350 DEMING WAY, 3RD FLOOR MIDDLETON, WI 53562

Prepared By:

-[Space Above This Line For Recording Data] -

DEED OF TRUST

LOAN NO.: 40554220 ESCROW NO.: SEN202166-LF MIN 100112065718278720 MERS Phone: 1-888-679-6377

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated together with all-Riders to this document.

APRIL 06, 2006

(B) "Borrower" is

LEONID OVSOVICH, AN UNMARRIED MAN

Burrower's address is 14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE, LOS ANGELES (SHERMAN OAKS AREA), CA 91403 Borrower is the trustor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is MORTGAGET, INC.

Lender is a CORPORATION

organized and existing under the laws of NEW YORK

CALIFORNIA-Single Family-Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT WITH MERS

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LENDER SUPPORT SYSTEMS, INC MERSBACA.NEW (05/04)

606015642-407

under this Security Instrument address and telephone of P.O. Be (F) "Note" means the promissory The Note states that Borrower ov	ronic Registration Systems, Inc. MERS i Lender and Lender's successors and assign . MERS is organized and existing under the ex 2026, Flint, MI 48501-2026, tel. (888) of the roote signed by Borrower and dated	gns. MERS is the beneficiary ne laws of Delaware, and has an 679-MERS. APRIL 06, 2006
(U.S. \$ 999,999.00 Payments and to pay the debt in a (G) "Property" means the property." (H) "Loan" means the debt evidedue under the Note, and all sums (I) "RIDERS" means all riders a riders are to be executed by Borr) plus interest. Borrower has promised to full not later than MAY 01, 2036 orty that is described below under the heatenced by the Note, plus interest, any preparate under this Security Instrument, plus into this Security Instrument that are execute ower [check box as applicable]: Condominium Rider Planned Unit Development Rider Rate Improvement Rider	Dollars pay this debt in regular Periodic ding "Transfer of Rights in the ayment charges and late charges
non-appealable judicial opinions. (K) "Community Association Dicharges that are imposed on B association or similar organization (L) "Electronic Funds Transfer check, draft, or similar paper in instrument, computer, or magnetion or credit an account. Such term machine transactions, transfers transfers. (M) "Escrow Items" means those (N) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" in by any third party (other than insidamage to, or destruction of, the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu value and/or condition of the Pro (O) "Mortgage Insurance" meanthe Loan. (P) "Periodic Payment" means to	r" means any transfer of funds, other the astrument, which is initiated through an ic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorized includes, but is not limited to, point-of-similated by telephone, wire transfers, as items that are described in Section 3. The section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section	es, fees, assessments, and other nium association, homeowners an a transaction originated by electronic terminal, telephonic a financial institution to debit sale transfers, automated teller and automated clearinghouse di of damages, or proceeds paid described in Section 5) for: (i) oking of all or any part of the ons of, or omissions as to, the nonpayment of, or default on,
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(Q) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. Section 2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(R) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

The beneficiary of this Security Instrument is MERS (solely as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and the successors and assigns of MERS. This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower irrevocably grants and conveys to Trustee, in trust, with power of sale, the following described property located in the COUNTY of LOS ANGELES

[Type of Recording Jurisdiction]

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

SEE COMPLETE LEGAL DESCRIPTION DESCRIBED IN EXHIBIT "A" ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF.

Parcel ID Number: 2263-021-013

which currently has the address of

14713 VALLEYHEART DRIVE

Street

LOS ANGELES (SHERMAN OAKS AREA)

[City], California

91403

[Zip Code] ("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property." Borrower understands and agrees that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Security Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or custom, MERS (as nominee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to releasing and canceling this Security take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, releasing and canceling this Security Instrument.

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances

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of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location declarated in the Note or at

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be

initials: LE Form 3005 1/01

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in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than twelve monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than twelve monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the

tritials: <u>L 0</u> Form 3005 1/01

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